

Calendar No. 557

104TH CONGRESS
2^D Session

S. 1952

A BILL

To amend the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
Prevention Act of 1974, and for other purposes.

August 1, 1996

Reported without amendment

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104TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION**S. 1952**

To amend the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974,
and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 12, 1996

Mr. THOMPSON (for himself and Mr. BIDEN) introduced the following bill;
which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

AUGUST 1, 1996

Reported by Mr. HATCH, without amendment

A BILL

To amend the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention
Act of 1974, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 “Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
6 1996”.

1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
 2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE JUVENILE JUSTICE AND
 DELINQUENCY PREVENTION ACT OF 1974

Sec. 101. Findings and definitions.

Sec. 102. Juvenile justice and delinquency prevention.

Sec. 103. Authorization of appropriations for Runaway and Homeless Youth
 Act.

Sec. 104. Repeals.

TITLE II—AMENDMENTS IN OTHER LAW

Sec. 201. Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988.

Sec. 202. Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990.

Sec. 203. Study and report by the National Academy of Sciences.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Study and report by the National Academy of Sciences.

Sec. 302. Technical and conforming amendments.

3 **TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE JUVENILE**
 4 **JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
 5 **TION ACT OF 1974**

6 **SEC. 101. FINDINGS AND DEFINITIONS.**

7 Title I of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
 8 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.) is amend-
 9 ed—

10 (1) by striking sections 101 and 102 and insert-
 11 ing the following:

12 **“SEC. 101. FINDINGS.**

13 **“The Congress finds that—**

14 **“(1) recent statistics show a 60 percent in-**
 15 **crease in murders committed by juveniles since**
 16 **1984;**

1 “(2) youth who commit the most serious and
2 violent offenses are becoming more violent, younger
3 offenders are engaging in more violent acts, and the
4 number of violent youth offenders has tripled since
5 1985;

6 “(3) understaffed, overcrowded juvenile courts,
7 prosecutorial and public defender offices, probation
8 services, and correctional facilities and inadequately
9 trained staff in such courts, services, and facilities
10 are not able to provide individualized punishment or
11 effective help;

12 “(4) if recent violent crime rate trends con-
13 tinue, based on the projected growth of the teenage
14 population during the next decade, youth violence
15 will increase dramatically unless new, effective pre-
16 vention and control strategies are developed and im-
17 plemented;

18 “(5) illegitimacy, the decline of marriage, wel-
19 fare dependence, and youth violence are closely
20 interrelated;

21 “(6) there is a correlation between child abuse
22 and neglect and delinquency and violence;

23 “(7) child abuse has increased as the number of
24 babies born to drug-using parents has increased, and

1 children of these parents are at great risk of becom-
2 ing violent;

3 “(8) child welfare agencies fail to break the
4 cycle between abuse and delinquency;

5 “(9) State and local communities that experi-
6 ence directly the devastating failures of the juvenile
7 justice system do not presently have sufficient tech-
8 nical expertise or adequate resources to deal com-
9 prehensively with the problems of juvenile delin-
10 quency;

11 “(10) the juvenile justice system has failed to
12 protect the public from violent youths, particularly
13 because a system of certain and graduated punish-
14 ment is often absent;

15 “(11) existing programs have not adequately re-
16 duced the increasing numbers of young people who
17 are addicted to or who abuse alcohol and other
18 drugs;

19 “(12) existing Federal programs have not fully
20 provided the research and evaluation necessary to
21 determine which programs designed to prevent youth
22 violence are effective, nor have they led to the most
23 effective dissemination of information regarding ef-
24 fective programs;

1 “(13) prevention and intervention are more
2 likely to be effective when directed toward younger
3 children before they commit any offenses;

4 “(14) mandates on States under the Juvenile
5 Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
6 have been administered in too inflexible a manner,
7 and have made the Act too focused on issues unre-
8 lated to preventing or punishing youth violence;

9 “(15) the juvenile justice system should give ad-
10 ditional attention to the problem of juveniles who
11 commit serious crimes and should give greater atten-
12 tion to halting early acts of juvenile delinquency;

13 “(16) the high incidence of youth violence in
14 the United States results in enormous annual cost
15 and immeasurable loss of human life, personal secu-
16 rity, and wasted human resources; and

17 “(17) youth violence constitutes a growing
18 threat to the national welfare requiring immediate
19 and comprehensive action by the Federal Govern-
20 ment to reduce and prevent youth violence.

21 **“SEC. 102. PURPOSES.**

22 “(a) PURPOSES.—It is the purpose of this Act—

23 “(1) to provide for the thorough and ongoing
24 scientific evaluation of all federally assisted juvenile
25 justice and delinquency prevention programs and re-

1 search into effective means of preventing youth vio-
2 lence;

3 “(2) to provide technical assistance to public
4 and private nonprofit juvenile justice and delin-
5 quency prevention programs;

6 “(3) to establish a centralized research and
7 evaluation effort on the problems of youth violence,
8 including the dissemination of the findings of such
9 research and all data related to youth violence;

10 “(4) to establish a Federal assistance program
11 to deal with the problems of runaway and homeless
12 youth;

13 “(5) to assist State and local governments in
14 improving the administration of justice and services
15 for juveniles who enter the system;

16 “(6) to assist States and local communities to
17 prevent youth from becoming violent offenders; and

18 “(7) to assist State and local governments in
19 punishing and controlling violent youth offenders.

20 “(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the
21 Congress to provide the necessary resources, leadership,
22 and coordination—

23 “(1) to develop an implement effective methods
24 of preventing and reducing youth violence;

1 “(2) to develop and conduct effective programs
2 to prevent delinquency, to divert juveniles from the
3 traditional juvenile justice system and to provide
4 critically needed alternatives to institutionalization;

5 “(3) to improve the quality of juvenile justice in
6 the United States;

7 “(4) to increase the capacity of State and local
8 governments and public and private agencies to con-
9 duct effective juvenile justice and delinquency pre-
10 vention and rehabilitation programs and to provide
11 research, evaluation, and training services in the
12 field of juvenile delinquency prevention;

13 “(5) to encourage parental involvement in treat-
14 ment and alternative disposition programs;

15 “(6) to provide for coordination of services be-
16 tween State, local, and community-based agencies
17 and to promote interagency cooperation in providing
18 such services; and

19 “(7) to impose punishments, sanctions, and
20 control upon youth offenders.”; and

21 (2) in section 103—

22 (A) in paragraph (4)(A), by inserting “title
23 I of” after “section 401 of”;

24 (B) in paragraph (19), by striking sub-
25 paragraph (A) and redesignating subparagraphs

1 (B) through (D) as subparagraphs (A) through
2 (C), respectively; and

3 (C) in paragraph (22), by redesignating
4 clauses (i) through (iii) as subparagraphs (A)
5 through (C), respectively.

6 **SEC. 102. JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
7 **TION.**

8 Title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
9 vention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.) is amend-
10 ed—

11 (1) in section 201—

12 (A) by striking “Office of Juvenile Justice
13 and Delinquency Prevention” and inserting
14 “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”; and

15 (B) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and
16 inserting the following:

17 “(b) ADMINISTRATOR.—The Office shall be headed
18 by an Administrator (hereafter in this title referred to as
19 the ‘Administrator’) who—

20 “(1) shall—

21 “(A) be a career appointee (as that term
22 is defined in section 3132(a)(4) of title 5, Unit-
23 ed States Code) having experience in juvenile
24 justice programs; and

1 “(B) report to the head of the Office of
2 Justice Programs; and

3 “(2) may prescribe regulations consistent with
4 his Act to award, administer, modify, extend, termi-
5 nate, monitor, evaluate, reject, or deny all grants
6 and contracts from, and applications for, funds
7 made available under this title.”;

8 (2) in section 204—

9 (A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “Unit-
10 ed States” and all that follows before the period
11 at the end of the paragraph and inserting the
12 following: “, and shall submit such plan to the
13 Congress”;

14 (B) in subsection (b)—

15 (i) in paragraph (1), by adding “and”
16 at the end; and

17 (ii) by striking paragraphs (2)
18 through (7) and inserting the following:

19 “(2) reduce duplication among Federal juvenile
20 delinquency programs and activities conducted by
21 Federal departments and agencies.”;

22 (C) by redesignating subsection (h) as sub-
23 section (f); and

24 (D) by striking subsection (i);

1 (3) by striking section 206 and redesignating
2 section 207 as section 206;

3 (4) in section 206, as redesignated—

4 (A) in paragraph (2), by striking “, includ-
5 ing” and all that follows through “Council”;

6 (B) in paragraph (3), by striking “and
7 with the plan” and all that follows before the
8 semicolon;

9 (C) by striking paragraph (4) and redesignating
10 paragraph (5) as paragraph (4); and

11 (D) in paragraph (4), as redesignated, by
12 striking “exemplary” and inserting “scientifically
13 evaluated and demonstrated effective”;

14 (5) in section 221—

15 (A) in subsection (a), by striking “coordi-
16 nating, and evaluating” and inserting “and co-
17 ordinating”; and

18 (B) in subsection (b)—

19 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking “and
20 implementation” and all that follows before
21 the semicolon; and

22 (ii) in paragraph (2), by striking the
23 second sentence;

24 (6) in section 222—

25 (A) in subsection (a)—

1 (i) in paragraph (2)(A)—

2 (I) by striking “(other than parts
3 D and E)”;

4 (II) by striking “, up to
5 \$400,000,” and inserting “up to
6 \$400,000”;

7 (III) by striking “1992” the first
8 place that term appears and inserting
9 “1996,”;

10 (IV) by striking “, up to
11 \$100,000,” and inserting “up to
12 \$100,000”; and

13 (V) by striking “1992” the sec-
14 ond place that term appears and in-
15 serting “1996”;

16 (ii) in paragraph (2)(B)—

17 (I) by striking “(other than part
18 D)”;

19 (II) by striking “, up to
20 \$600,000,” and inserting “up to
21 \$600,000”;

22 (III) by striking “or such greater
23 amount, up to \$600,000, as is avail-
24 able to be allocated if appropriations
25 have been enacted and made available

1 to carry out parts D and E in the full
2 amounts authorized by section 299(a)
3 (1) and (3)”;

4 (IV) by striking “, up to
5 \$100,000,” and inserting “up to
6 \$100,000”; and

7 (V) by striking “1992” and in-
8 serting “1996,”; and

9 (iii) in paragraph (3)—

10 (I) by striking “1992” each place
11 that term appears and inserting
12 “1996”; and

13 (II) by striking “allot” and in-
14 serting “allocate”; and

15 (B) by striking subsection (d);

16 (7) by striking section 223 and inserting the
17 following:

18 **“SEC. 223. STATE PLANS.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to be eligible to receive
20 formula grants under this part, each State shall—

21 “(1) ensure that not less than 75 percent of the
22 funds made available to the State under section 222,
23 whether expended directly by the State, by the unit
24 of general local government, or by a combination

1 thereof, or through grants and contracts with public
2 or private nonprofit agencies, shall be used—

3 “(A) for prevention and nonincarcerative
4 intervention, including drug and alcohol treat-
5 ment activities, and programs that encourage
6 courts to develop and implement a continuum
7 of post-adjudication restraints that bridge the
8 gap between probation and confinement in a
9 correctional facility, including graduated sanc-
10 tions for youth offenders; and

11 “(B) for implementing a system whereby
12 every offender receives some sanction for every
13 crime, except that such funds shall not be used
14 on initiatives that the organization created by
15 section 241 determines do not prevent or reduce
16 youth violence;

17 “(2) provide for records to be kept by recipients
18 of funds made available to the State under section
19 222 sufficient for the organization created by section
20 241 to monitor whether the use of said funds has
21 prevented or reduced youth violence;

22 “(3) ensure that juveniles who are charged with
23 or who have committed offenses that would not be
24 criminal if committed by an adult (other than an of-
25 fense that constitutes a violation of a valid court

1 order or a violation of section 922(x) of title 18,
2 United States Code, or a similar State law), or alien
3 juveniles in custody, or such nonoffenders as de-
4 pendent or neglected children, shall not be placed in
5 secure detention facilities or secure correctional fa-
6 cilities, except that the juvenile or family court may
7 detain, after a hearing, in a secure detention facility
8 for a limited period of time, not to exceed 72 hours,
9 a runaway, truant, or incorrigible youth, if the
10 youth—

11 “(A) received a previous official court
12 warning that an additional instance of such be-
13 havior would result in the secure detention of
14 that youth; or

15 “(B) the chronic behavior of the youth
16 constitutes a clear and present danger to the
17 physical or emotional well-being of the youth or
18 the physical safety of the community, if the ju-
19 venile’s detention is for not more than the
20 amount of time necessary to eliminate such
21 danger through detention or through other
22 treatment, and secure detention is the least re-
23 strictive means available for guarding the safety
24 of the youth or the community;

1 “(4) submit an annual report to the Adminis-
2 trator describing the status of compliance with this
3 section and containing a review of the progress made
4 by the State to achieve the deinstitutionalization of
5 juveniles described in paragraph (3) and a review of
6 the progress made by the State to provide that such
7 juveniles, if placed in facilities, are placed in facili-
8 ties that—

9 “(A) are the least restrictive alternatives
10 appropriate to the needs of the child and the
11 community;

12 “(B) are in reasonable proximity to the
13 family and the home communities of such juve-
14 niles; and

15 “(C) provide the services described in sec-
16 tion 103(1);

17 “(5) provide that juveniles alleged to be or
18 found to be delinquent and youths under paragraph
19 (3) shall not be detained or confined in any institu-
20 tion in which they have regular contact with adult
21 persons incarcerated because they have been con-
22 victed of a crime or are awaiting trial on criminal
23 charges or with the part-time or full-time security
24 staff (including management) or direct-care staff of
25 a jail or lockup for adults, unless that staff has been

1 properly trained and certified by the State to deal
2 with juvenile offenders, and staff is not dealing di-
3 rectly with both adult and juvenile prisoners in the
4 same shift;

5 “(6) provide that no juvenile shall be detained
6 or confined in any jail or lockup for adults, except
7 that the State may permit the detention or confine-
8 ment of juveniles in a State-approved portion of a
9 county jail or secure detention facility for up to 72
10 hours if such exceptions are limited to areas that are
11 in compliance with paragraph (5), and—

12 “(A) are outside a metropolitan statistical
13 area; and

14 “(B) have no existing acceptable alter-
15 native placement that is easily accessible;

16 “(7) provide for such fiscal control and fund ac-
17 counting procedures necessary to assure prudent
18 use, proper disbursement, and accurate accounting
19 of funds received under this title;

20 “(8) provide reasonable assurances that Federal
21 funds made available under this part for any pe-
22 riod—

23 “(A) would be used to supplement and in-
24 crease (but not supplant) the level of the State,
25 local, and other non-Federal funds that would

1 in the absence of such Federal funds be made
2 available for the programs described in this
3 part; and

4 “(B) would not replace such State, local,
5 and other non-Federal funds; and

6 “(9) address prevention efforts to reduce the
7 proportion of juveniles detained or confined in se-
8 cure detention facilities, jails, and lockups who are
9 members of minority groups, if such proportion ex-
10 ceeds the proportion that such groups represent in
11 the general population, and comply with the sub-
12 stantive requirements of section 804 of the Omnibus
13 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968.

14 “(b) PENALTIES.—If a State fails to comply with—

15 “(1) any one of paragraph (3), (5), (6), or (9)
16 of subsection (a), in any fiscal year, the amount allo-
17 cated under section 299 to that State for that fiscal
18 year shall be reduced by 25 percent; and

19 “(2) any combination of paragraphs (3), (5),
20 (6), or (9) of subsection (a), in any fiscal year, the
21 amount allocated under section 299 to that State for
22 that fiscal year shall be reduced by 50 percent.

23 “(c) EFFECT OF STATE LAW.—Notwithstanding sub-
24 section (b), no penalty shall be imposed on any State for
25 failure to comply with the requirements of this section if

1 the State has enacted legislation conforming to such re-
2 quirements and containing enforcement mechanisms suffi-
3 cient to ensure that such legislation is enforced effec-
4 tively.”;

5 (8) in section 241—

6 (A) in subsection (a), by striking “Juvenile
7 Justice and Delinquency Prevention Office”
8 and inserting “Office of Justice Programs”;

9 (B) in subsection (b), by striking “Admin-
10 istrator” and inserting “Director of Juvenile
11 Justice and Delinquency Prevention (hereafter
12 in this Act referred to as the “Director”), who
13 shall be appointed by the President, by and
14 with the advice and consent of the Senate, from
15 among individuals who have had experience in
16 juvenile justice programs or experience in sci-
17 entific research”;

18 (C) in subsection (d)—

19 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking
20 “and” at the end;

21 (ii) by redesignating paragraph (2) as
22 paragraph (4); and

23 (iii) in paragraph (d), as redesign-
24 nated—

1 (I) by striking “education person-
2 nel recreation” and inserting “edu-
3 cation personnel, recreation”; and

4 (II) by striking “park person-
5 nel,” and inserting “park person-
6 nel,”; and

7 (iv) by inserting after paragraph (1)
8 the following new paragraphs:

9 “(2) for the rigorous and independent evalua-
10 tion of the delinquency and youth violence preven-
11 tion programs funded under this title;

12 “(3) funding for research and demonstration
13 projects on the nature, causes, and prevention of ju-
14 venile violence and juvenile delinquency; and”;

15 (D) in subsection (e)—

16 (i) in paragraph (4), by adding “and”
17 at the end;

18 (ii) in paragraph (5), by striking “;
19 and” and inserting a period; and

20 (iii) by striking paragraph (6); and

21 (E) by striking subsection (f) and inserting
22 the following:

23 “(f) DUTIES OF THE INSTITUTE.—

24 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Institute shall make
25 grants and enter into contracts for the purposes of

1 evaluating programs established and funded with
2 State formula grants, research and demonstration
3 projects funded by the National Institute of Juvenile
4 Justice and Delinquency, and discretionary funding
5 of the Office of Youth Violence Reduction.

6 “(2) REQUIREMENTS.—Evaluations and re-
7 search studies funded by the Institute shall—

8 “(A) be independent in nature;

9 “(B) be awarded competitively; and

10 “(C) employ rigorous and scientifically rec-
11 ognized standards and methodologies, including
12 peer review by nonapplicants.”;

13 (9) in section 242, by striking “Administrator”
14 and inserting “Director”;

15 (10) in section 243—

16 (A) by striking “Administrator” each place
17 that term appears and inserting “Director”;

18 (B) in subsection (a)—

19 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking “seek
20 to strengthen and preserve families or
21 which”;

22 (ii) in paragraph (3)—

23 (I) by redesignating clauses (i)
24 and (ii) as subparagraphs (A) and
25 (B), respectively; and

1 (II) in subparagraph (B), as so
2 designated, by inserting “best prac-
3 tices of” before “information and
4 technical assistance”;

5 (iii) in paragraph (4)—

6 (I) by striking “Encourage” and
7 inserting “encourage”; and

8 (II) by striking “take into consid-
9 eration” and all that follows before
10 the semicolon and inserting the follow-
11 ing “through control and incarcer-
12 ation, if necessary, provide therapeutic
13 intervention such as providing skills”;

14 (iv) by striking the second paragraph
15 designated as paragraph (5) (as added by
16 section 2(g)(3) of Public Law 102–586);

17 (v) by striking paragraphs (6) and (7)
18 and inserting the following:

19 “(6) prepare, in cooperation with education in-
20 stitutions, with Federal, State, and local agencies,
21 and with appropriate individuals and private agen-
22 cies, such studies as it considers to be necessary
23 with respect to prevention of and intervention with
24 juvenile violence and delinquency and the improve-
25 ment of juvenile justice systems, including—

1 “(A) evaluations of programs and interven-
2 tions designed to prevent youth violence and ju-
3 venile delinquency;

4 “(B) assessments and evaluations of the
5 methodological approaches to evaluating the ef-
6 fectiveness of interventions and programs de-
7 signed to prevent youth violence and juvenile
8 delinquency;

9 “(C) studies of the extent, nature, risk and
10 protective factors, and causes of youth violence
11 and juvenile delinquency;

12 “(D) comparisons of youth adjudicated
13 and treated by the juvenile justice system com-
14 pared to juveniles waived to and adjudicated by
15 the adult criminal justice system (including in-
16 carcerated in adult, secure correctional facili-
17 ties);

18 “(E) recommendations with respect to ef-
19 fective and ineffective primary, secondary, and
20 tertiary prevention interventions, including for
21 which juveniles, and under what circumstances
22 (including circumstances connected with the
23 staffing of the intervention), prevention efforts
24 are effective and ineffective; and

1 “(F) assessments of risk prediction sys-
2 tems of juveniles used in making decisions re-
3 garding pretrial detention;”;

4 (vi) by redesignating paragraphs (8)
5 and (9) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respec-
6 tively;

7 (vii) in paragraph (8), as redesign-
8 ated, by adding “and” at the end; and

9 (viii) by striking paragraphs (10)
10 through (13) and redesignating paragraph
11 (14) as paragraph (9); and

12 (C) in subsection (b)—

13 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking
14 “and” at the end;

15 (ii) in paragraph (2)—

16 (I) by striking “subsection
17 (a)(9)” and inserting “subsection
18 (a)(8)”; and

19 (II) by striking the period at the
20 end and inserting “; and”; and

21 (iii) by adding at the end the follow-
22 ing new paragraph:

23 “(3) regular reports on the record of each State
24 on objective measurements of youth violence, such as

1 the number, rate, and trend of homicides committed
2 by youths.”;

3 (11) by striking sections 244 through 248;

4 (12) by striking the heading for subpart II of
5 part C of title II;

6 (13) by striking section 261 and redesignating
7 section 262 as section 244;

8 (14) in section 244, as redesignated—

9 (A)(i) by striking “Administrator” each
10 place that term appears and inserting “Direc-
11 tor”;

12 (ii) by striking “this part” each place it
13 appears and inserting “section 243”;

14 (B) in subsection (b)—

15 (i) in paragraph (4), by adding “and”
16 at the end; and

17 (ii) by striking paragraphs (5)
18 through (7) and redesignating paragraph
19 (8) as paragraph (5);

20 (C) by striking subsection (c) and inserting
21 the following:

22 “(c) FACTORS FOR CONSIDERATION.—In determin-
23 ing whether or not to approve applications for grants and
24 for contracts under this part, the Administrator shall con-
25 sider—

1 “(1) whether the project uses appropriate and
2 rigorous methodology, including appropriate sam-
3 ples, control groups, psychometrically sound meas-
4 urement, and appropriate data analysis techniques;

5 “(2) the experience of the principal and co-prin-
6 cipal investigators in the area of youth violence and
7 juvenile delinquency;

8 “(3) the protection offered human subjects in
9 the study, including informed consent procedures;
10 and

11 “(4) the cost-effectiveness of the proposed
12 project.”;

13 (D) in subsection (d)—

14 (i) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking
15 “(other than section 241(f))”;

16 (ii) in paragraph (1)(B)—

17 (I) in clause (i), by striking “;
18 or” and inserting a period;

19 (II) by striking clause (ii); and

20 (III) by striking “process—” and
21 all that follows through “with respect
22 to programs” and inserting “process
23 with respect to programs”; and

24 (iii) in paragraph (2)—

1 (I) by striking subparagraph (A)
2 and inserting the following:

3 “(A) Programs selected for assistance
4 through grants and contracts under this part
5 shall be selected after a competitive process
6 that provides potential grantees and contractors
7 with not less than 90 days to submit applica-
8 tions for funds. Applications for funds shall be
9 reviewed through a formal peer review process
10 by qualified scientists with expertise in the
11 fields of criminology, juvenile delinquency, soci-
12 ology, psychology, research methodology, eval-
13 uation research, statistics, and related areas.
14 The peer review process shall conform to the
15 process used by the National Institutes of
16 Health, the National Institute of Justice, or the
17 National Science Foundation”; and

18 (II) in subparagraph (B), by
19 striking “Committee on Education
20 and Labor” and inserting “Committee
21 on Economic and Educational Oppor-
22 tunities”;

23 (15) by striking parts D, E, F, G, and H;

24 (16) by striking the first part designated as
25 part I and redesignating the second part designated

1 as part I (as added by section 2(i)(1)(A) of Public
2 Law 102–586) as part D;

3 (17) in section 299—

4 (A) by striking subsections (a) through (c)
5 and inserting the following:

6 “(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be ap-
7 propriated to carry out this title \$160,000,000 for each
8 of fiscal years 1997, 1998, 1999, and 20000, of which—

9 “(1) \$70,000,000 shall be expended for State
10 formula grants;

11 “(2) \$70,000,000 shall be made available to the
12 National Institute for Juvenile Justice and Delin-
13 quency Prevention for research, demonstration, and
14 evaluation, of which not less than \$28,000,000 shall
15 be made available for evaluation research of pri-
16 mary, secondary, and tertiary juvenile delinquency
17 prevention programs;

18 “(3) \$16,000,000 shall be expended for child
19 protection, of which \$7,000,000 shall be made avail-
20 able to carry out title IV; and

21 “(4) not more than \$4,000,000 shall be ex-
22 pended for administrative costs.

23 “(b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available under
24 this section shall remain available until expended.”;

1 (B) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
2 section (e); and

3 (C) by striking subsection (e); and (18) in
4 section 299A—

5 (A) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “Of-
6 fice of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
7 vention” and inserting “Office of Youth Vio-
8 lence Reduction”; and

9 (B) in subsection (d), by striking “The Ad-
10 ministrator” and inserting “Except with respect
11 to paragraphs (3), (5), (6), and (9) of section
12 223(a), the Administrator”.

13 **SEC. 103. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR RUN-**
14 **AWAY AND HOMELESS YOUTH ACT.**

15 Section 385 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
16 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5751) is amended by—

17 (1) striking subsections (a) and (b) and insert-
18 ing the following:

19 “(a) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry
20 out this title—

21 “(1) \$69,000,000 for fiscal year 1997; and

22 “(2) such sums as may be necessary for each
23 of fiscal years 1998, 1999, and 2000.”; and

24 (2) redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as
25 subsections (b) and (c), respectively.

1 **SEC. 104. REPEALS.**

2 (a) SPECIAL STUDY AND REPORT.—Section 409 of
3 the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
4 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5778) is repealed.

5 (b) INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY
6 PREVENTION PROGRAMS.—Title V of the Juvenile Justice
7 and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5781
8 et seq.) is repealed.

9 **TITLE II—AMENDMENTS IN OTHER LAW**

10 **SEC. 201. ANTI-DRUG ABUSE ACT OF 1988.**

11 The Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 11801
12 et seq.) is amended—

13 (1) in title III, by striking subtitles B and C;

14 and

15 (2) by striking section 7295.

16 **SEC. 202. VICTIMS OF CHILD ABUSE ACT OF 1990.**

17 The Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
18 13001 et seq.) is amended—

19 (1) in section 214B—

20 (A) by striking “1993” each place that
21 term appears and inserting “1997”; and

22 (B) by striking “1994, 1995, and 1996”
23 each place that term appears and inserting
24 “1998, 1999, and 2000”;

1 (2) in section 217(a), by striking “Office of Ju-
2 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
3 sserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”; and

4 (3) in section 223—

5 (A) in subsection (a)—

6 (i) in paragraph (1), by striking “to
7 national organizations”;

8 (ii) by striking “(1)”; and

9 (iii) by striking paragraph (2); and

10 (B) by striking subsections (b) and (c)

11 and inserting the following:

12 (b) GRANT CRITERIA.—The Administrator shall
13 make grants under subsection (a) consistent with sections
14 244, 299B, and 299E of title II of the Juvenile Justice
15 and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974.”

16 **TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

17 **SEC. 301. STUDY AND REPORT BY THE NATIONAL ACADEMY**
18 **OF SCIENCES.**

19 (a) STUDY.—The Attorney General shall enter into
20 a contract with the National Academy of Sciences (or,
21 upon the refusal of the National Academy of Sciences, an-
22 other public or nonprofit private entity having expertise
23 in juvenile justice, law enforcement, corrections, adjudica-
24 tion, psychology, criminal justice, and other related areas)
25 to conduct a study concerning—

1 (1) the efficacy of the mandates described in
2 paragraphs (3), (5), (6), and (9) of section 223(a)
3 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention
4 Act of 1974 (as amended by this Act) in achieving
5 the goals of reducing crime and violence by juveniles,
6 the safety of children in the juvenile justice system,
7 and preventing juveniles from committing crimes of
8 violence;

9 (2) the status of research and information on
10 the causes of, and responses to, the problems of
11 crime and violence by juveniles;

12 (3) issues and topics relating to the causes of,
13 and responses to, the problems of crime and violence
14 by juveniles that merit further research;

15 (4) methodological approaches to evaluate the
16 effectiveness of violence and delinquency prevention
17 efforts;

18 (5) the efficacy of practices of Federal, State,
19 and local agencies at controlling, reducing, and pre-
20 venting crime and violence by juveniles; and

21 (6) an appropriate agenda and budget for con-
22 tinuing research on the problems of crime and vio-
23 lence by juveniles to be administered by the Attorney
24 General.

1 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 12 months after the
2 date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General
3 shall—

4 (1) submit to the Committee on the Judiciary
5 of the Senate and the Committee on Economic and
6 Educational Opportunities of the House of Rep-
7 resentatives a report describing the results of the
8 study conducted under subsection (a); and

9 (2) make copies of such report available upon
10 request to members of the public.

11 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
12 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13 \$600,000 for fiscal year 1997.

14 **SEC. 302. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**

15 (a) JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVEN-
16 TION ACT OF 1974.—the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
17 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. et seq.) is
18 amended—

19 (1) in section 217(a), by striking “Office of Ju-
20 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
21 serting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”;

22 (2) in section 222, by striking “Office of Juve-
23 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
24 serting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”; and

1 (3) in section 403(2), by striking “Office of Ju-
2 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
3 serting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”.

4 (b) TITLE 5.—Section 5315 of subchapter II of chap-
5 ter 53 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by strik-
6 ing “Administrator, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delin-
7 quency Prevention”.

8 (c) TITLE 18.—Section 4351(b) of title 18, United
9 States Code, is amended by striking “Office of Juvenile
10 Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and inserting “Of-
11 fice of Youth Violence Reduction”.

12 (d) TITLE 39.—Section 3220 of title 39, United
13 States Code, is amended by striking “Office of Juvenile
14 Justice and Delinquency Prevention” each place that term
15 appears and inserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduc-
16 tion”.

17 (e) SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.—Section 463(f) of the
18 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 663(f)) is amended by
19 striking “Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
20 vention” and inserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduc-
21 tion”.

22 (f) OMNIBUS CRIME CONTROL AND SAFE STREETS
23 ACT OF 1968.—The Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
24 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) is amend-
25 ed—

1 (1) in section 102(a)(5), by striking “Office of
2 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and
3 inserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”;

4 (2) in section 801, by striking “Office of Juve-
5 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” each place
6 that term appears and inserting “Office of Youth
7 Violence Reduction”;

8 (3) in section 804, by striking “Office of Juve-
9 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” each place
10 that term appears and inserting “Office of Youth
11 Violence Reduction”;

12 (4) in section 805, by striking “Office of Juve-
13 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
14 serting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”;

15 (5) in section 813, by striking “Office of Juve-
16 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and in-
17 serting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”;

18 (6) in section 1701(a) by striking “Office of
19 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and
20 inserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”; and

21 (7) in section 2501(a)(2), by striking “Office of
22 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and
23 inserting “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”.

24 (g) NATIONAL CHILD PROTECTION ACT OF 1993.—
25 Section 2(f) of the National Child Protection Act of 1993

1 (42 U.S.C. 5119(f)) is amended by striking “Office of Ju-
2 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention” and inserting
3 “Office of Youth Violence Reduction”.

4 (h) OTHER REFERENCES.—Any reference in any
5 Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delega-
6 tion of authority, or any document of or relating to the
7 Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention es-
8 tablished under section 201 of the Juvenile Justice and
9 Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as in effect on the
10 day before the date of enactment of this Act, shall be
11 deemed to refer to the Office of Youth Violence Reduction
12 established under section 201 of the Juvenile Justice and
13 Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended by this
14 Act.