

105TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. RES. 415

To promote independent radio broadcasting in Africa.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 29, 1998

Mr. ROYCE (for himself, Mr. MENENDEZ, and Mr. SMITH of New Jersey) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

RESOLUTION

To promote independent radio broadcasting in Africa.

Whereas Africa's numerous ethnic groups, with an estimated 2,000 languages and dialects, have long been isolated from each other;

Whereas radio is the primary means of transmitting vital information in Africa and linking African populations;

Whereas poverty, illiteracy, and logistical difficulties make television and the print media less utilized means of communication;

Whereas radio is not only compatible with Africa's oral traditions, but has the added benefit of being affordable and adaptable;

Whereas African radio stations generally are owned and operated by governments, which being aware of radio's power

often deny or delay applications for proposed independent radio stations, harass officials or staff of independent radio stations, or close independent radio stations;

Whereas 53 independent journalists in Africa have been killed over the past 8 years, 42 other journalists were imprisoned last year alone, and hundreds of others have been threatened, harassed, or even physically assaulted;

Whereas standards of journalistic professionalism often are low in Africa, which causes problems of accuracy in reporting that often lead governments to overreact and apply repressive legal remedies against the media, including radio broadcasts;

Whereas biased government radio broadcasts have promoted ruling parties and limited coverage of opposition political parties, while inhibiting the free flow of information necessary for citizens to effectively exercise their electoral choices, thus undermining democracy;

Whereas the promotion of independent ownership of local radio operations in Africa is a useful tool for advancing the United States foreign policy objective of promoting democracy and human rights;

Whereas the phenomenon of “hate radio” has fueled genocide in countries such as Rwanda, in which an estimated half million persons were killed in a largely ethnic purge in 1994;

Whereas surrogate broadcasting, which consists of locally generated news on issues of local concern, has been well demonstrated as a vehicle to promote democracy and human rights in repressed regions and countries throughout the world;

Whereas the Voice of America has designed the “Radio Democracy for Africa” project to create a surrogate radio operation throughout Africa to promote democracy and human rights; and

Whereas the African Growth and Opportunity Act calls for the United States Information Agency to use its broadcasts to promote economic reforms in addition to its current promotion of political reforms: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) supports the creation and operation of the
3 Voice of America’s surrogate radio project known as
4 “Radio Democracy for Africa” which includes jour-
5 nalist training and journalist exchange components;

6 (2) urges the United States Information Agency
7 to expand its economic, political, and human rights
8 programming in Africa to support indigenous efforts
9 aimed at promoting democratization, human rights,
10 economic development, and good governance;

11 (3) calls on the Agency for International Devel-
12 opment to adopt a comprehensive strategy for the
13 promotion of free and independent African media,
14 especially radio, by supporting journalist and other
15 media training programs, assisting in the develop-
16 ment of African media associations, facilitating the
17 creation of African news gathering and delivery net-
18 works, and encouraging the use of radio as an edu-
19 cational medium on a variety of topics, including but

1 not limited to democracy, human rights, and eco-
2 nomic development;

3 (4) calls on the United States Government to
4 encourage local and foreign investment in independ-
5 ent local radio operations in Africa;

6 (5) urges the United States Government to
7 make freedom of speech and the safety of journalists
8 a priority in discussions with African governments
9 on democracy and human rights;

10 (6) encourages the United States Government
11 to use all reasonable means to help safeguard the
12 operation of independent radio stations and the le-
13 gitimate activities of journalists in African countries;
14 and

15 (7) urges the United States Government to sup-
16 port and assist the development of mechanisms and
17 institutions for the protection of independent jour-
18 nalists and to discourage the now frequent use of
19 draconian laws and government policies inhibiting
20 freedom of speech in Africa.

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