

105TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. CON. RES. 101

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the President of the United States should reconsider his decision to be formally received in Tiananmen Square by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 4 (legislative day, JUNE 2), 1998

Mr. ABRAHAM (for himself, Mr. DEWINE, and Mr. ASHCROFT) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress that the President of the United States should reconsider his decision to be formally received in Tiananmen Square by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

Whereas nine years ago on June 4, 1989, thousands of Chinese students peacefully gathered in Tiananmen Square to demonstrate their support for freedom and democracy;

Whereas it was with horror that the world witnessed the response of the Government of the People's Republic of China as tanks and military units marched into Tiananmen Square;

Whereas Chinese soldiers of the People’s Republic of China were ordered to fire machine guns and tanks on young, unarmed civilians;

Whereas “children were killed holding hands with their mothers”, according to a reliable eyewitness account;

Whereas according to the same eyewitness account, “students were crushed by armored personnel carriers”;

Whereas more than 2,000 Chinese pro-democracy demonstrators died that day, according to the Chinese Red Cross;

Whereas hundreds continue to languish in prisons because of their belief in freedom and democracy;

Whereas nine years after the massacre on June 4, 1989, the Government of the People’s Republic of China has yet to acknowledge the Tiananmen Square massacre; and

Whereas being formally received in Tiananmen Square, the President would bestow legitimacy on the Chinese government’s horrendous actions of 9 years ago: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives*
 2 *concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that the
 3 President should reconsider his decision to be formally re-
 4 ceived in Tiananmen Square until the Government of the
 5 People’s Republic of China acknowledges the Tiananmen
 6 Square massacre, pledges that such atrocities will never
 7 happen again, and releases those Chinese students still im-
 8 prisoned for supporting freedom and democracy that day.

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