

106TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# S. 2908

To authorize funding for successful reentry of criminal offenders into local communities.

---

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 24 (legislative day, JULY 21), 2000

Mr. BIDEN introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

---

## A BILL

To authorize funding for successful reentry of criminal offenders into local communities.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Offender Reentry and  
5 Community Safety Act of 2000”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

8 (1) There are now nearly 1,900,000 individuals  
9 in our country’s prisons and jails, including over

1 140,000 individuals under the jurisdiction of the  
2 Federal Bureau of Prisons.

3 (2) Enforcement of offender violations of condi-  
4 tions of releases has sharply increased the number  
5 of offenders who return to prison—while revocations  
6 comprised 17 percent of State prison admissions in  
7 1980, they rose to 36 percent in 1998.

8 (3) Although prisoners generally are serving  
9 longer sentences than they did a decade ago, most  
10 eventually reenter communities; for example, in  
11 1999, approximately 538,000 State prisoners and  
12 over 50,000 Federal prisoners a record number were  
13 returned to American communities. Approximately  
14 100,000 State offenders return to communities and  
15 received no supervision whatsoever.

16 (4) Historically, two-thirds of returning State  
17 prisoners have been rearrested for new crimes within  
18 three years, so these individuals pose a significant  
19 public safety risk and a continuing financial burden  
20 to society.

21 (5) A key element to effective post-incarceration  
22 supervision is an immediate, predetermined, and ap-  
23 propriate response to violations of the conditions of  
24 supervision.

1           (6) An estimated 187,000 State and Federal  
2           prison inmates have been diagnosed with mental  
3           health problems; about 70 percent of State prisoners  
4           and 57 percent of Federal prisoners have a history  
5           of drug use or abuse; and nearly 75 percent of re-  
6           leased offenders with heroin or cocaine problems re-  
7           turn to using drugs within three months if un-  
8           treated; however, few States link prison mental  
9           health treatment programs with those in the return  
10          community.

11          (7) Between 1987 and 1997, the volume of ju-  
12          venile adjudicated cases resulting in court-ordered  
13          residential placements rose 56 percent. In 1997  
14          alone, there were a total of 163,200 juvenile court-  
15          ordered residential placements. The steady increase  
16          of youth exiting residential placement has strained  
17          the juvenile justice aftercare system, however, with-  
18          out adequate supervision and services, youth are  
19          likely to relapse, recidivate, and return to confine-  
20          ment at the public's expense.

21          (8) Emerging technologies and multidisciplinary  
22          community-based strategies present new opportuni-  
23          ties to alleviate the public safety risk posed by re-  
24          leased prisoners while helping offenders to reenter  
25          their communities successfully.

1 **SEC. 3. PURPOSES.**

2 The purposes of this Act are to—

3 (1) establish demonstration projects in several  
4 Federal judicial districts, the District of Columbia,  
5 and in the Federal Bureau of Prisons, using new  
6 strategies and emerging technologies that alleviate  
7 the public safety risk posed by released prisoners by  
8 promoting their successful reintegration into the  
9 community;

10 (2) establish court-based programs to monitor  
11 the return of offenders into communities, using  
12 court sanctions to promote positive behavior;

13 (3) establish offender reentry demonstration  
14 projects in the states using government and commu-  
15 nity partnerships to coordinate cost efficient strate-  
16 gies that ensure public safety and enhance the suc-  
17 cessful reentry into communities of offenders who  
18 have completed their prison sentences;

19 (4) establish intensive aftercare demonstration  
20 projects that address public safety and ensure the  
21 special reentry needs of juvenile offenders by coordi-  
22 nating the resources of juvenile correctional agen-  
23 cies, juvenile courts, juvenile parole agencies, law en-  
24 forcement agencies, social service providers, and  
25 local Workforce Investment Boards; and

1 (5) rigorously evaluate these reentry programs  
2 to determine their effectiveness in reducing recidi-  
3 vism and promoting successful offender reintegra-  
4 tion.

5 **TITLE I—FEDERAL REENTRY**  
6 **DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS**

7 **SEC. 101. FEDERAL REENTRY CENTER DEMONSTRATION.**

8 (a) **AUTHORITY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF DEM-**  
9 **ONSTRATION PROJECT.**—From funds made available to  
10 carry out this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation  
11 with the Director of the Administrative Office of the  
12 United States Courts, shall establish the Federal Reentry  
13 Center Demonstration project. The project shall involve  
14 appropriate prisoners from the Federal prison population  
15 and shall utilize community corrections facilities, home  
16 confinement, and a coordinated response by Federal agen-  
17 cies to assist participating prisoners, under close moni-  
18 toring and more seamless supervision, in preparing for  
19 and adjusting to reentry into the community.

20 (b) **PROJECT ELEMENTS.**—The project authorized by  
21 subsection (a) shall include—

22 (1) a Reentry Review Team for each prisoner,  
23 consisting of representatives from the Bureau of  
24 Prisons, the United States Probation System, and  
25 the relevant community corrections facility, who

1 shall initially meet with the prisoner to develop a re-  
2 entry plan tailored to the needs of the prisoner and  
3 incorporating victim impact information, and will  
4 thereafter meet regularly to monitor the prisoner's  
5 progress toward reentry and coordinate access to ap-  
6 propriate reentry measures and resources;

7 (2) regular drug testing, as appropriate;

8 (3) a system of graduated levels of supervision  
9 within the community corrections facility to promote  
10 community safety, provide incentives for prisoners to  
11 complete the reentry plan, including victim restitu-  
12 tion, and provide a reasonable method for imposing  
13 immediate sanctions for a prisoner's minor or tech-  
14 nical violation of the conditions of participation in  
15 the project;

16 (4) substance abuse treatment and aftercare,  
17 mental and medical health treatment and aftercare,  
18 vocational and educational training, life skills in-  
19 struction, conflict resolution skills training, batterer  
20 intervention programs, assistance obtaining suitable  
21 affordable housing, and other programming to pro-  
22 mote effective reintegration into the community as  
23 needed;

24 (5) to the extent practicable, the recruitment  
25 and utilization of local citizen volunteers, including

1 volunteers from the faith-based and business com-  
2 munities, to serve as advisers and mentors to pris-  
3 oners being released into the community;

4 (6) a description of the methodology and out-  
5 come measures that will be used to evaluate the pro-  
6 gram; and

7 (7) notification to victims on the status and na-  
8 ture of offenders' reentry plan.

9 (c) PROBATION OFFICERS.—From funds made avail-  
10 able to carry out this Act, the Director of the Administra-  
11 tive Office of the United States Courts shall assign one  
12 or more probation officers from each participating judicial  
13 district to the Reentry Demonstration project. Such offi-  
14 cers shall be assigned to and stationed at the community  
15 corrections facility and shall serve on the Reentry Review  
16 Teams.

17 (d) PROJECT DURATION.—The Reentry Center Dem-  
18 onstration project shall begin not later than 6 months fol-  
19 lowing the availability of funds to carry out this section,  
20 and shall last 3 years. The Attorney General may extend  
21 the project for a period of up to 6 months to enable partic-  
22 ipant prisoners to complete their involvement in the  
23 project.

24 (e) SELECTION OF DISTRICTS.—The Attorney Gen-  
25 eral, in consultation with the Judicial Conference of the

1 United States, shall select an appropriate number of Fed-  
2 eral judicial districts in which to carry out the Reentry  
3 Center Demonstration project.

4 (f) COORDINATION OF PROJECTS.—The Attorney  
5 General, may, if appropriate, include in the Reentry Cen-  
6 ter Demonstration project offenders who participated in  
7 the Enhanced In-Prison Vocational Assessment and  
8 Training Demonstration project established by section 105  
9 of this Act.

10 **SEC. 102. FEDERAL HIGH-RISK OFFENDER REENTRY DEM-**  
11 **ONSTRATION.**

12 (a) AUTHORITY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF DEM-  
13 ONSTRATION PROJECT.—From funds made available to  
14 carry out this Act, the Director of the Administrative Of-  
15 fice of the United States Courts, in consultation with the  
16 Attorney General, shall establish the Federal High-Risk  
17 Offender Reentry Demonstration project. The project  
18 shall involve Federal offenders under supervised release  
19 who have previously violated the terms of their release fol-  
20 lowing a term of imprisonment and shall utilize, as appro-  
21 priate and indicated, community corrections facilities,  
22 home confinement, appropriate monitoring technologies,  
23 and treatment and programming to promote more effec-  
24 tive reentry into the community.

1 (b) PROJECT ELEMENTS.—The project authorized by  
2 subsection (a) shall include—

3 (1) participation by Federal prisoners who have  
4 previously violated the terms of their release fol-  
5 lowing a term of imprisonment;

6 (2) use of community corrections facilities and  
7 home confinement that, together with the technology  
8 referenced in paragraph (5), will be part of a system  
9 of graduated levels of supervision;

10 (3) substance abuse treatment and aftercare,  
11 mental and medical health treatment and aftercare,  
12 vocational and educational training, life skills in-  
13 struction, conflict resolution skills training, batterer  
14 intervention programs, and other programming to  
15 promote effective reintegration into the community  
16 as appropriate;

17 (4) involvement of a victim advocate and the  
18 family of the prisoner, if it is safe for the victim(s),  
19 especially in domestic violence cases, to be involved;

20 (5) the use of monitoring technologies, as ap-  
21 propriate and indicated, to monitor and supervise  
22 participating offenders in the community;

23 (6) a description of the methodology and out-  
24 come measures that will be used to evaluate the pro-  
25 gram; and

1           (7) notification to victims on the status and na-  
2           ture of a prisoner's reentry plan.

3           (c) MANDATORY CONDITION OF SUPERVISED RE-  
4 LEASE.—In each of the judicial districts in which the dem-  
5 onstration project is in effect, appropriate offenders who  
6 are found to have violated a previously imposed term of  
7 supervised release and who will be subject to some addi-  
8 tional term of supervised release, shall be designated to  
9 participate in the demonstration project. With respect to  
10 these offenders, the court shall impose additional manda-  
11 tory conditions of supervised release that each offender  
12 shall, as directed by the probation officer, reside at a com-  
13 munity corrections facility or participate in a program of  
14 home confinement, or both, and submit to appropriate  
15 monitoring, and otherwise participate in the project.

16          (d) PROJECT DURATION.—The Federal High-Risk  
17 Offender Reentry Demonstration shall begin not later  
18 than six months following the availability of funds to carry  
19 out this section, and shall last 3 years. The Director of  
20 the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may  
21 extend the project for a period of up to six months to en-  
22 able participating prisoners to complete their involvement  
23 in the project.

24          (e) SELECTION OF DISTRICTS.—The Judicial Con-  
25 ference of the United States, in consultation with the At-

1 torney General, shall select an appropriate number of Fed-  
2 eral judicial districts in which to carry out the Federal  
3 High-Risk Offender Reentry Demonstration project.

4 **SEC. 103. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA INTENSIVE SUPER-**  
5 **VISION, TRACKING, AND REENTRY TRAINING**  
6 **(DC ISTART) DEMONSTRATION.**

7 (a) **AUTHORITY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF DEM-**  
8 **ONSTRATION PROJECT.**—From funds made available to  
9 carry out this Act, the Trustee of the Court Services and  
10 Offender Supervision Agency of the District of Columbia,  
11 as authorized by the National Capital Revitalization and  
12 Self Government Improvement Act of 1997 (Public Law  
13 105–33; 111 Stat. 712) shall establish the District of Co-  
14 lumbia Intensive Supervision, Tracking and Reentry  
15 Training Demonstration (DC iSTART) project. The  
16 project shall involve high risk District of Columbia parol-  
17 ees who would otherwise be released into the community  
18 without a period of confinement in a community correc-  
19 tions facility and shall utilize intensive supervision, moni-  
20 toring, and programming to promote such parolees’ suc-  
21 cessful reentry into the community.

22 (b) **PROJECT ELEMENTS.**—The project authorized by  
23 subsection (a) shall include—

24 (1) participation by appropriate high risk parol-  
25 ees;

1           (2) use of community corrections facilities and  
2 home confinement;

3           (3) a Reentry Review Team that includes a vic-  
4 tim witness professional for each parolee which shall  
5 meet with the parolee—by video conference or other  
6 means as appropriate—before the parolee’s release  
7 from the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons  
8 to develop a reentry plan that incorporates victim  
9 impact information and is tailored to the needs of  
10 the parolee and which will thereafter meet regularly  
11 to monitor the parolee’s progress toward reentry and  
12 coordinate access to appropriate reentry measures  
13 and resources;

14           (4) regular drug testing, as appropriate;

15           (5) a system of graduated levels of supervision  
16 within the community corrections facility to promote  
17 community safety, encourage victim restitution, pro-  
18 vide incentives for prisoners to complete the reentry  
19 plan, and provide a reasonable method for imme-  
20 diately sanctioning a prisoner’s minor or technical  
21 violation of the conditions of participation in the  
22 project;

23           (6) substance abuse treatment and aftercare,  
24 mental and medical health treatment and aftercare,  
25 vocational and educational training, life skills in-

1       struction, conflict resolution skills training, batterer  
2       intervention programs, assistance obtaining suitable  
3       affordable housing, and other programming to pro-  
4       mote effective reintegration into the community as  
5       needed and indicated;

6               (7) the use of monitoring technologies, as ap-  
7       propriate;

8               (8) to the extent practicable, the recruitment  
9       and utilization of local citizen volunteers, including  
10      volunteers from the faith-based communities, to  
11      serve as advisers and mentors to prisoners being re-  
12      leased into the community; and

13              (9) notification to victims on the status and na-  
14      ture of a prisoner's reentry plan.

15      (c) MANDATORY CONDITION OF PAROLE.—For those  
16      offenders eligible to participate in the demonstration  
17      project, the United States Parole Commission shall impose  
18      additional mandatory conditions of parole such that the  
19      offender when on parole shall, as directed by the commu-  
20      nity supervision officer, reside at a community corrections  
21      facility or participate in a program of home confinement,  
22      or both, submit to electronic and other remote monitoring,  
23      and otherwise participate in the project.

24      (d) PROGRAM DURATION.—The District of Columbia  
25      Intensive Supervision, Tracking and Reentry Training

1 Demonstration shall begin not later than 6 months fol-  
2 lowing the availability of funds to carry out this section,  
3 and shall last 3 years. The Trustee of the Court Services  
4 and Offender Supervision Agency of the District of Colum-  
5 bia may extend the project for a period of up to 6 months  
6 to enable participating prisoners to complete their involve-  
7 ment in the project.

8 **SEC. 104. FEDERAL INTENSIVE SUPERVISION, TRACKING,**  
9 **AND REENTRY TRAINING (FED ISTART) DEM-**  
10 **ONSTRATION.**

11 (a) **AUTHORITY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF DEM-**  
12 **ONSTRATION PROJECT.**—From funds made available to  
13 carry out this section, the Director of the Administrative  
14 Office of the United States Courts shall establish the Fed-  
15 eral Intensive Supervision, Tracking and Reentry Training  
16 Demonstration (FED iSTART) project. The project shall  
17 involve appropriate high risk Federal offenders who are  
18 being released into the community without a period of con-  
19 finement in a community corrections facility.

20 (b) **PROJECT ELEMENTS.**—The project authorized by  
21 subsection (a) shall include—

22 (1) participation by appropriate high risk Fed-  
23 eral offenders;

24 (2) significantly smaller caseloads for probation  
25 officers participating in the demonstration project;

1           (3) substance abuse treatment and aftercare,  
2           mental and medical health treatment and aftercare,  
3           vocational and educational training, life skills in-  
4           struction, conflict resolution skills training, batterer  
5           intervention programs, assistance obtaining suitable  
6           affordable housing, and other programming to pro-  
7           mote effective reintegration into the community as  
8           needed; and

9           (4) notification to victims on the status and na-  
10          ture of a prisoner's reentry plan.

11          (c) PROGRAM DURATION.—The Federal Intensive  
12          Supervision, Tracking and Reentry Training Demonstra-  
13          tion shall begin not later than 6 months following the  
14          availability of funds to carry out this section, and shall  
15          last 3 years. The Director of the Administrative Office of  
16          the United States Courts may extend the project for a pe-  
17          riod of up to six months to enable participating prisoners  
18          to complete their involvement in the project.

19          (d) SELECTION OF DISTRICTS.—The Judicial Con-  
20          ference of the United States, in consultation with the At-  
21          torney General, shall select an appropriate number of Fed-  
22          eral judicial districts in which to carry out the Federal  
23          Intensive Supervision, Tracking and Reentry Training  
24          Demonstration project.

1 **SEC. 105. FEDERAL ENHANCED IN-PRISON VOCATIONAL AS-**  
2 **SESSMENT AND TRAINING AND DEMONSTRA-**  
3 **TION.**

4 (a) **AUTHORITY AND ESTABLISHMENT OF DEM-**  
5 **ONSTRATION PROJECT.**—From funds made available to  
6 carry out this section, the Attorney General shall establish  
7 the Federal Enhanced In-Prison Vocational Assessment  
8 and Training Demonstration project in selected institu-  
9 tions. The project shall provide in-prison assessments of  
10 prisoners' vocational needs and aptitudes, enhanced work  
11 skills development, enhanced release readiness program-  
12 ming, and other components as appropriate to prepare  
13 Federal prisoners for release and reentry into the commu-  
14 nity.

15 (b) **PROGRAM DURATION.**—The Enhanced In-Prison  
16 Vocational Assessment and Training Demonstration shall  
17 begin not later than six months following the availability  
18 of funds to carry out this section, and shall last 3 years.  
19 The Attorney General may extend the project for a period  
20 of up to 6 months to enable participating prisoners to  
21 complete their involvement in the project.

22 **SEC. 106. RESEARCH AND REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**

23 (a) **ATTORNEY GENERAL.**—Not later than 2 years  
24 after the enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall  
25 report to Congress on the progress of the demonstration  
26 projects authorized by sections 101 and 105 of this Act.

1 Not later than 1 year after the end of the demonstration  
2 projects authorized by sections 101 and 105 of this Act,  
3 the Director of the Federal Bureau of Prisons shall report  
4 to Congress on the effectiveness of the reentry projects  
5 authorized by sections 101 and 105 of this Act on post-  
6 release outcomes and recidivism. The report shall address  
7 post-release outcomes and recidivism for a period of 3  
8 years following release from custody. The reports sub-  
9 mitted pursuant to this section shall be submitted to the  
10 Committees on the Judiciary in the House of Representa-  
11 tives and the Senate.

12 (b) ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED  
13 STATES COURTS.—Not later than 2 years after the enact-  
14 ment of this Act, Director of the Administrative Office of  
15 the United States Courts shall report to Congress on the  
16 progress of the demonstration projects authorized by sec-  
17 tions 102 and 104 of this Act. Not later than 180 days  
18 after the end of the demonstration projects authorized by  
19 sections 102 and 104 of this Act, the Director of the Ad-  
20 ministrative Office of the United States Courts shall re-  
21 port to Congress on the effectiveness of the reentry  
22 projects authorized by sections 102 and 104 of this Act  
23 on post-release outcomes and recidivism. The report  
24 should address post-release outcomes and recidivism for  
25 a period of 3 years following release from custody. The

1 reports submitted pursuant to this section shall be sub-  
2 mitted to the Committees on the Judiciary in the House  
3 of Representatives and the Senate.

4 (c) DC ISTART.—Not later than 2 years after the  
5 enactment of this Act, the Executive Director of the cor-  
6 poration or institute authorized by section 11281(2) of the  
7 National Capital Revitalization and Self-Government Im-  
8 provement Act of 1997 (Pub. Law 105–33; 111 Stat. 712)  
9 shall report to Congress on the progress of the demonstra-  
10 tion project authorized by section 6 of this Act. Not later  
11 than 1 year after the end of the demonstration project  
12 authorized by section 103 of this Act, the Executive Direc-  
13 tor of the corporation or institute authorized by section  
14 11281(2) of the National Capital Revitalization and Self-  
15 Government Improvement Act of 1997 (Pub. Law 105–  
16 33; 111 Stat. 712) shall report to Congress on the effec-  
17 tiveness of the reentry project authorized by section 103  
18 of this Act on post-release outcomes and recidivism. The  
19 report shall address post-release outcomes and recidivism  
20 for a period of three years following release from custody.  
21 The reports submitted pursuant to this section shall be  
22 submitted to the Committees on the Judiciary in the  
23 House of Representatives and the Senate. In the event  
24 that the corporation or institute authorized by section  
25 11281(2) of the National Capital Revitalization and Self-

1 Government Improvement Act of 1997 (Pub. Law 105–  
2 33; 111 Stat. 712) is not in operation 1 year after the  
3 enactment of this Act, the Director of National Institute  
4 of Justice shall prepare and submit the reports required  
5 by this section and may do so from funds made available  
6 to the Court Services and Offender Supervision Agency  
7 of the District of Columbia, as authorized by the National  
8 Capital Revitalization and Self-Government Improvement  
9 Act of 1997 (Pub. Law 105–33; 111 Stat. 712) to carry  
10 out this Act.

11 **SEC. 107. DEFINITIONS.**

12 In this title:

13 (1) the term “appropriate prisoner” means a  
14 person who is considered by prison authorities—

15 (A) to pose a medium to high risk of com-  
16 mitting a criminal act upon reentering the com-  
17 munity, and

18 (B) to lack the skills and family support  
19 network that facilitate successful reintegration  
20 into the community; and

21 (2) the term “appropriate high risk parolees”  
22 means parolees considered by prison authorities—

23 (A) to pose a medium to high risk of com-  
24 mitting a criminal act upon reentering the com-  
25 munity; and

1 (B) to lack the skills and family support  
2 network that facilitate successful reintegration  
3 into the community.

4 **SEC. 108. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

5 To carry out this Act, there are authorized to be ap-  
6 propriated, to remain available until expended, the fol-  
7 lowing amounts:

8 (1) To the Federal Bureau of Prisons—

9 (A) \$1,375,000 for fiscal year 2001;

10 (B) \$1,110,000 for fiscal year 2002;

11 (C) \$1,130,000 for fiscal year 2003;

12 (D) \$1,155,000 for fiscal year 2004; and

13 (E) \$1,230,000 for fiscal year 2005.

14 (2) To the Federal Judiciary—

15 (A) \$3,380,000 for fiscal year 2001;

16 (B) \$3,540,000 for fiscal year 2002;

17 (C) \$3,720,000 for fiscal year 2003;

18 (D) \$3,910,000 for fiscal year 2004; and

19 (E) \$4,100,000 for fiscal year 2005.

20 (3) To the Court Services and Offender Super-  
21 vision Agency of the District of Columbia, as author-  
22 ized by the National Capital Revitalization and Self-  
23 Government Improvement Act of 1997 (Pub. Law  
24 105–33; 111 Stat. 712)—

25 (A) \$4,860,000 for fiscal year 2001;

- 1 (B) \$4,510,000 for fiscal year 2002;  
 2 (C) \$4,620,000 for fiscal year 2003;  
 3 (D) \$4,740,000 for fiscal year 2004; and  
 4 (E) \$4,860,000 for fiscal year 2005.

5 **TITLE II—STATE REENTRY**  
 6 **GRANT PROGRAMS**

7 **SEC. 201. AMENDMENTS TO THE OMNIBUS CRIME CONTROL**  
 8 **AND SAFE STREETS ACT OF 1968.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Crime  
 10 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711  
 11 et seq.) as amended, is amended—

- 12 (1) by redesignating part Z as part AA;  
 13 (2) by redesignating section 2601 as section  
 14 2701; and  
 15 (3) by inserting after part Y the following new  
 16 part:

17 “PART Z—OFFENDER REENTRY AND COM-  
 18 MUNITY SAFETY

19 **“SEC. 2601. ADULT OFFENDER STATE AND LOCAL REENTRY**  
 20 **PARTNERSHIPS.**

21 “(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-  
 22 eral shall make grants of up to \$1,000,000 to States, Ter-  
 23 ritories, and Indian tribes, in partnership with units of  
 24 local government and nonprofit organizations, for the pur-  
 25 pose of establishing adult offender reentry demonstration

1 projects. Funds may be expended by the projects for the  
2 following purposes:

3 “(1) oversight/monitoring of released offenders;

4 “(2) providing returning offenders with drug  
5 and alcohol testing and treatment and mental health  
6 assessment and services;

7 “(3) convening community impact panels, vic-  
8 tim impact panels or victim impact educational  
9 classes;

10 “(4) providing and coordinating the delivery of  
11 other community services to offenders such as hous-  
12 ing assistance, education, employment training, con-  
13 flict resolution skills training, batterer intervention  
14 programs, and other social services as appropriate;  
15 and

16 “(5) establishing and implementing graduated  
17 sanctions and incentives.

18 “(b) SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION.—In addition to  
19 any other requirements that may be specified by the Attor-  
20 ney General, an application for a grant under this subpart  
21 shall—

22 “(1) describe a long-term strategy and detailed  
23 implementation plan, including how the jurisdiction  
24 plans to pay for the program after the Federal fund-  
25 ing ends;

1           “(2) identify the governmental and community  
2 agencies that will be coordinated by this project;

3           “(3) certify that there has been appropriate  
4 consultation with all affected agencies and there will  
5 be appropriate coordination with all affected agen-  
6 cies in the implementation of the program, including  
7 existing community corrections and parole; and

8           “(4) describe the methodology and outcome  
9 measures that will be used in evaluating the pro-  
10 gram.

11       “(c) APPLICANTS.—The applicants as designated  
12 under 2601(a)—

13           “(1) shall prepare the application as required  
14 under subsection 2601(b); and

15           “(2) shall administer grant funds in accordance  
16 with the guidelines, regulations, and procedures pro-  
17 mulgated by the Attorney General, as necessary to  
18 carry out the purposes of this part.

19       “(d) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of a  
20 grant received under this title may not exceed 25 percent  
21 of the costs of the project funded under this title unless  
22 the Attorney General waives, wholly or in part, the re-  
23 quirements of this section.

24       “(e) REPORTS.—Each entity that receives a grant  
25 under this part shall submit to the Attorney General, for

1 each year in which funds from a grant received under this  
2 part is expended, a report at such time and in such man-  
3 ner as the Attorney General may reasonably require that  
4 contains:

5           “(1) a summary of the activities carried out  
6 under the grant and an assessment of whether such  
7 activities are meeting the needs identified in the ap-  
8 plication funded under this part; and

9           “(2) such other information as the Attorney  
10 General may require.

11       “(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

12           “(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be  
13 appropriated to carry out this section \$40,000,000  
14 in fiscal years 2001 and 2002; and such sums as  
15 may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003,  
16 2004, and 2005.

17           “(2) LIMITATIONS.—Of the amount made avail-  
18 able to carry out this section in any fiscal year—

19               “(A) not more than 2 percent or less than  
20 1 percent may be used by the Attorney General  
21 for salaries and administrative expenses; and

22               “(B) not more than 3 percent or less than  
23 2 percent may be used for technical assistance  
24 and training.

1 **“SEC. 2602. STATE AND LOCAL REENTRY COURTS.**

2       “(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-  
3 eral shall make grants of up to \$500,000 to State and  
4 local courts or state agencies, municipalities, public agen-  
5 cies, nonprofit organizations, and tribes that have agree-  
6 ments with courts to take the lead in establishing a re-  
7 entry court. Funds may be expended by the projects for  
8 the following purposes:

9           “(1) monitoring offenders returning to the com-  
10 munity;

11           “(2) providing returning offenders with drug  
12 and alcohol testing and treatment and mental and  
13 medical health assessment and services;

14           “(3) convening community impact panels, vic-  
15 tim impact panels, or victim impact educational  
16 classes;

17           “(4) providing and coordinating the delivery of  
18 other community services to offenders, such as hous-  
19 ing assistance, education, employment training, con-  
20 flict resolution skills training, batterer intervention  
21 programs, and other social services as appropriate;  
22 and

23           “(5) establishing and implementing graduated  
24 sanctions and incentives.

25       “(b) SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION.—In addition to  
26 any other requirements that may be specified by the Attor-

1 ney General, an application for a grant under this subpart  
2 shall—

3           “(1) describe a long-term strategy and detailed  
4 implementation plan, including how the jurisdiction  
5 plans to pay for the program after the Federal fund-  
6 ing ends;

7           “(2) identify the governmental and community  
8 agencies that will be coordinated by this project;

9           “(3) certify that there has been appropriate  
10 consultation with all affected agencies, including ex-  
11 isting community corrections and parole, and there  
12 will be appropriate coordination with all affected  
13 agencies in the implementation of the program;

14           “(4) describe the methodology and outcome  
15 measures that will be used in evaluation of the pro-  
16 gram.

17           “(c) APPLICANTS.—The applicants as designated  
18 under 2602(a)—

19           “(1) shall prepare the application as required  
20 under subsection 2602(b); and

21           “(2) shall administer grant funds in accordance  
22 with the guidelines, regulations, and procedures pro-  
23 mulgated by the Attorney General, as necessary to  
24 carry out the purposes of this part.

1       “(d) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of a  
2 grant received under this title may not exceed 25 percent  
3 of the costs of the project funded under this title unless  
4 the Attorney General waives, wholly or in part, the re-  
5 quirements of this section.

6       “(e) REPORTS.—Each entity that receives a grant  
7 under this part shall submit to the Attorney General, for  
8 each year in which funds from a grant received under this  
9 part is expended, a report at such time and in such man-  
10 ner as the Attorney General may reasonably require that  
11 contains:

12           “(1) a summary of the activities carried out  
13 under the grant and an assessment of whether such  
14 activities are meeting the needs identified in the ap-  
15 plication funded under this part; and

16           “(2) such other information as the Attorney  
17 General may require.

18       “(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

19           “(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be  
20 appropriated to carry out this section \$10,000,000  
21 in fiscal years 2001 and 2002, and such sums as  
22 may be necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003,  
23 2004, and 2005.

24           “(2) LIMITATIONS.—Of the amount made avail-  
25 able to carry out this section in any fiscal year—

1           “(A) not more than 2 percent or less than  
2           1 percent may be used by the Attorney General  
3           for salaries and administrative expenses; and

4           “(B) not more than 3 percent or less than  
5           2 percent may be used for technical assistance  
6           and training.

7   **“SEC. 2603. JUVENILE OFFENDER STATE AND LOCAL RE-**  
8           **ENTRY PROGRAMS.**

9           “(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-  
10          eral shall make grants of up to \$250,000 to States, in  
11          partnership with local units of governments or nonprofit  
12          organizations, for the purpose of establishing juvenile of-  
13          fender reentry programs. Funds may be expended by the  
14          projects for the following purposes:

15                 “(1) providing returning juvenile offenders with  
16                 drug and alcohol testing and treatment and mental  
17                 and medical health assessment and services;

18                 “(2) convening victim impact panels, restorative  
19                 justice panels, or victim impact educational classes  
20                 for juvenile offenders;

21                 “(3) oversight/monitoring of released juvenile  
22                 offenders; and

23                 “(4) providing for the planning of reentry serv-  
24                 ices when the youth is initially incarcerated and co-  
25                 ordinating the delivery of community-based services,

1 such as education, conflict resolution skills training,  
2 batterer intervention programs, employment training  
3 and placement, efforts to identify suitable living ar-  
4 rangements, family involvement and support, and  
5 other services.

6 “(b) SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION.—In addition to  
7 any other requirements that may be specified by the Attor-  
8 ney General, an application for a grant under this subpart  
9 shall—

10 “(1) describe a long-term strategy and detailed  
11 implementation plan, including how the jurisdiction  
12 plans to pay for the program after the Federal fund-  
13 ing ends;

14 “(2) identify the governmental and community  
15 agencies that will be coordinated by this project;

16 “(3) certify that there has been appropriate  
17 consultation with all affected agencies and there will  
18 be appropriate coordination with all affected agen-  
19 cies, including existing community corrections and  
20 parole, in the implementation of the program;

21 “(4) describe the methodology and outcome  
22 measures that will be used in evaluating the pro-  
23 gram.

24 “(c) APPLICANTS.—The applicants as designated  
25 under 2603(a)—

1           “(1) shall prepare the application as required  
2           under subsection 2603(b); and

3           “(2) shall administer grant funds in accordance  
4           with the guidelines, regulations, and procedures pro-  
5           mulgated by the Attorney General, as necessary to  
6           carry out the purposes of this part.

7           “(d) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of a  
8           grant received under this title may not exceed 25 percent  
9           of the costs of the project funded under this title unless  
10          the Attorney General waives, wholly or in part, the re-  
11          quirements of this section.

12          “(e) REPORTS.—Each entity that receives a grant  
13          under this part shall submit to the Attorney General, for  
14          each year in which funds from a grant received under this  
15          part is expended, a report at such time and in such man-  
16          ner as the Attorney General may reasonably require that  
17          contains:

18                 “(1) a summary of the activities carried out  
19                 under the grant and an assessment of whether such  
20                 activities are meeting the needs identified in the ap-  
21                 plication funded under this part; and

22                 “(2) such other information as the Attorney  
23                 General may require.

24          “(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

1           “(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be  
2           appropriated to carry out this section \$5,000,000 in  
3           fiscal years 2001 and 2002, and such sums as are  
4           necessary for each of the fiscal years 2003, 2004,  
5           and 2005.

6           “(2) LIMITATIONS.—Of the amount made avail-  
7           able to carry out this section in any fiscal year—

8                   “(A) not more than 2 percent or less than  
9                   1 percent may be used by the Attorney General  
10                  for salaries and administrative expenses; and

11                   “(B) not more than 3 percent or less than  
12                  2 percent may be used for technical assistance  
13                  and training.

14   **“SEC. 2604. STATE REENTRY PROGRAM RESEARCH, DEVEL-**  
15                   **OPMENT, AND EVALUATION.**

16           “(a) GRANT AUTHORIZATION.—The Attorney Gen-  
17           eral shall make grants to conduct research on a range of  
18           issues pertinent to reentry programs, the development and  
19           testing of new reentry components and approaches, se-  
20           lected evaluation of projects authorized in the preceding  
21           sections, and dissemination of information to the field.

22           “(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There  
23           are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section  
24           \$5,000,000 in fiscal years 2001 and 2002, and such sums

1 as are necessary to carry out this section in fiscal years  
2 2003, 2004, and 2005.”.

3 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents  
4 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Street  
5 Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.), as amended, is  
6 amended by striking the matter relating to part Z and  
7 inserting the following:

“PART Z—OFFENDER REENTRY AND COMMUNITY SAFETY ACT

“Sec. 2601. Adult Offender State and Local Reentry Partnerships.

“Sec. 2602. State and Local Reentry Courts.

“Sec. 2603. Juvenile Offender State and Local Reentry Programs.

“Sec. 2604. State Reentry Program Research and Evaluation.

“PART AA—TRANSITION—EFFECTIVE DATE—REPEALER

“Sec. 2701. Continuation of rules, authorities, and proceedings.”.

8 **TITLE III—SUBSTANCE ABUSE**  
9 **TREATMENT IN FEDERAL**  
10 **PRISONS REAUTHORIZATION**

11 **SEC. 301. SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT IN FEDERAL**  
12 **PRISONS REAUTHORIZATION.**

13 Section 3621(e)(4) of title 18, United States Code,  
14 is amended by striking subparagraph (E) and inserting  
15 the following:

16 “(E) \$31,000,000 for fiscal year 2000; and

17 “(F) \$38,000,000 for fiscal year 2001.”.

1 **TITLE IV—RESIDENTIAL SUB-**  
 2 **STANCE ABUSE TREATMENT**  
 3 **FOR STATE PRISONERS REAU-**  
 4 **THORIZATION**

5 **SEC. 401. REAUTHORIZATION.**

6 Paragraph (17) of section 1001(a) of title I of the  
 7 Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42  
 8 U.S.C. 3793(a)(17)) is amended to read as follows:

9 “(17) There are authorized to be appropriated  
 10 to carry out part S \$100,000,000 for fiscal year  
 11 2001 and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal  
 12 years 2002 through 2006.”.

13 **SEC. 402. USE OF RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREAT-**  
 14 **MENT GRANTS TO PROVIDE FOR SERVICES**  
 15 **DURING AND AFTER INCARCERATION.**

16 Section 1901 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control  
 17 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796ff) is  
 18 amended by adding at the end the following:

19 “(c) **ADDITIONAL USE OF FUNDS.**—States that dem-  
 20 onstrate that they have existing in-prison drug treatment  
 21 programs that are in compliance with Federal require-  
 22 ments may use funds awarded under this part for treat-  
 23 ment and sanctions both during incarceration and after  
 24 release.”.

○