

107<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS  
1<sup>ST</sup> SESSION

# H. R. 1359

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand and extend the ability of certain exempt organizations to avoid recognizing a gain on the sale of property used directly in the performance of an exempt function.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 3, 2001

Mr. McNULTY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

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## A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand and extend the ability of certain exempt organizations to avoid recognizing a gain on the sale of property used directly in the performance of an exempt function.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. NONRECOGNITION OF GAIN ON THE SALE OF**  
4 **PROPERTY USED IN PERFORMANCE OF AN**  
5 **EXEMPT FUNCTION.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (D) of section  
7 512(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amend-  
8 ed to read as follows:

1 “(D) NONRECOGNITION OF GAIN.—

2 “(i) IN GENERAL.—If property used  
3 directly in the performance of the exempt  
4 function of an organization described in  
5 paragraph (7), (9), (17), or (20) of section  
6 501(e) is sold by such organization, gain  
7 (if any) from such sale shall be recognized  
8 only to the extent that such organization’s  
9 sales price of such property exceeds the  
10 sum of—

11 “(I) such organization’s cost of  
12 purchasing, during a period beginning  
13 1 year before the date of such sale  
14 and ending 10 years after such date,  
15 other property that is used directly in  
16 the performance of the exempt func-  
17 tion of the organization, and

18 “(II) any amount paid by such  
19 organization during such period to ac-  
20 complish one or more purposes de-  
21 scribed in section 170(c)(2)(B).

22 “(ii) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—If  
23 an organization sells property on which  
24 gain is not recognized, in whole or in part,  
25 by reason of clause (i), then the statutory

1 period for the assessment of any deficiency  
2 attributable to such gain shall not expire  
3 until the end of the 3-year period begin-  
4 ning on the date that the Secretary is noti-  
5 fied by such organization (in such manner  
6 as the Secretary may prescribe) that—

7 “(I) the organization has met the  
8 requirements of clause (i) with respect  
9 to gain which was not recognized,

10 “(II) the organization does not  
11 intend to meet such requirements, or

12 “(III) the organization failed to  
13 meet such requirements within the  
14 prescribed period.

15 For the purposes of this clause, any defi-  
16 ciency may be assessed before the expira-  
17 tion of such 3-year period notwithstanding  
18 the provisions of any other law or rule of  
19 law which would otherwise prevent such as-  
20 sessment.

21 “(iii) DESTRUCTION AND LOSS.—For  
22 purposes of this subparagraph, the de-  
23 struction in whole or in part, theft, seizure,  
24 requisition, or condemnation of property,  
25 shall be treated as the sale of such prop-

1                   erty, and rules similar to the rules pro-  
2                   vided by subsections (b), (c), (e), and (j) of  
3                   section 1034 (as in effect on the day be-  
4                   fore the date of the enactment of the Tax-  
5                   payer Relief Act of 1997) shall apply.”.

6           (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by  
7 this section shall apply with respect to the sale of any  
8 property for which the 3-year period for offsetting gain  
9 by purchasing other property under subparagraph (D) of  
10 section 512(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in ef-  
11 fect on the day before the date of the enactment of this  
12 Act) had not expired as of January 1, 2001.

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