

109TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 342

To provide for a program of scientific research on abrupt climate change, to accelerate the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in the United States by establishing a market-driven system of greenhouse gas tradeable allowances, to limit greenhouse gas emissions in the United States and reduce dependence upon foreign oil, and ensure benefits to consumers from the trading in such allowances.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 10, 2005

Mr. MCCAIN (for himself, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Ms. SNOWE, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. LAUTENBERG, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. NELSON of Florida, Mr. CORZINE, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. KERRY, and Mr. DAYTON) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To provide for a program of scientific research on abrupt climate change, to accelerate the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in the United States by establishing a market-driven system of greenhouse gas tradeable allowances, to limit greenhouse gas emissions in the United States and reduce dependence upon foreign oil, and ensure benefits to consumers from the trading in such allowances.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Climate Stewardship
3 Act of 2005”.

4 **SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

5 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—FEDERAL CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH AND RELATED
ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 101. National Science Foundation fellowships.
- Sec. 102. Commerce Department study of technology transfer barriers.
- Sec. 103. Report on United States impact of Kyoto Protocol.
- Sec. 104. Research grants.
- Sec. 105. Abrupt climate change research.
- Sec. 106. Impact on low-income populations research.
- Sec. 107. NIST greenhouse gas functions.
- Sec. 108. Development of new measurement technologies.
- Sec. 109. Enhanced environmental measurements and standards.
- Sec. 110. Technology development and diffusion.
- Sec. 111. Agricultural outreach program.

TITLE II—NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE

- Sec. 201. National Greenhouse Gas Database and registry established.
- Sec. 202. Inventory of greenhouse gas emissions for covered entities.
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- Sec. 204. Measurement and verification.

TITLE III—MARKET-DRIVEN GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS

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- Sec. 301. Covered entities must submit allowances for emissions.
- Sec. 302. Compliance.
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- Sec. 304. Other uses of tradeable allowances.
- Sec. 305. Exemption of source categories.

Subtitle B—Establishment and Allocation of Tradeable Allowances

- Sec. 331. Establishment of tradeable allowances.
- Sec. 332. Determination of tradeable allowance allocations.
- Sec. 333. Allocation of tradeable allowances.
- Sec. 334. Ensuring target adequacy.
- Sec. 335. Initial allocations for early participation and accelerated participation.
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Subtitle C—Climate Change Credit Corporation

Sec. 351. Establishment.

Sec. 352. Purposes and functions.

Subtitle D—Sequestration Accounting; Penalties

Sec. 371. Sequestration accounting.

Sec. 372. Penalties.

1 **SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.**

2 In this Act:

3 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Adminis-
4 trator” means the Administrator of the Environ-
5 mental Protection Agency.

6 (2) BASELINE.—The term “baseline” means
7 the historic greenhouse gas emission levels of an en-
8 tity, as adjusted upward by the Administrator to re-
9 flect actual reductions that are verified in accord-
10 ance with—

11 (A) regulations promulgated under section
12 201(c)(1); and

13 (B) relevant standards and methods devel-
14 oped under this title.

15 (3) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENTS.—The term
16 “carbon dioxide equivalents” means, for each green-
17 house gas, the amount of each such greenhouse gas
18 that makes the same contribution to global warming
19 as one metric ton of carbon dioxide, as determined
20 by the Administrator.

21 (4) COVERED SECTORS.—The term “covered
22 sectors” means the electricity, transportation, indus-

1 try, and commercial sectors, as such terms are used
2 in the Inventory.

3 (5) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered en-
4 tity” means an entity (including a branch, depart-
5 ment, agency, or instrumentality of Federal, State,
6 or local government) that—

7 (A) owns or controls a source of green-
8 house gas emissions in the electric power, in-
9 dustrial, or commercial sectors of the United
10 States economy (as defined in the Inventory),
11 refines or imports petroleum products for use in
12 transportation, or produces or imports
13 hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, or sulfur
14 hexafluoride; and

15 (B) emits, from any single facility owned
16 by the entity, over 10,000 metric tons of green-
17 house gas per year, measured in units of carbon
18 dioxide equivalents, or produces or imports—

19 (i) petroleum products that, when
20 combusted, will emit,

21 (ii) hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocar-
22 bons, or sulfur hexafluoride that, when
23 used, will emit, or

24 (iii) other greenhouse gases that,
25 when used, will emit,

1 over 10,000 metric tons of greenhouse gas per
2 year, measured in units of carbon dioxide
3 equivalentents.

4 (6) DATABASE.—The term “database” means
5 the national greenhouse gas database established
6 under section 201.

7 (7) DIRECT EMISSIONS.—The term “direct
8 emissions” means greenhouse gas emissions by an
9 entity from a facility that is owned or controlled by
10 that entity.

11 (8) FACILITY.—The term “facility” means a
12 building, structure, or installation located on any 1
13 or more contiguous or adjacent properties of an enti-
14 ty in the United States.

15 (9) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term “greenhouse
16 gas” means—

- 17 (A) carbon dioxide;
- 18 (B) methane;
- 19 (C) nitrous oxide;
- 20 (D) hydrofluorocarbons;
- 21 (E) perfluorocarbons; and
- 22 (F) sulfur hexafluoride.

23 (10) INDIRECT EMISSIONS.—The term “indirect
24 emissions” means greenhouse gas emissions that
25 are—

1 (A) a result of the activities of an entity;
2 but

3 (B) emitted from a facility owned or con-
4 trolled by another entity.

5 (11) INVENTORY.—The term “Inventory”
6 means the Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emis-
7 sions and Sinks, prepared in compliance with the
8 United Nations Framework Convention on Climate
9 Change Decision 3/CP.5).

10 (12) LEAKAGE.—The term “leakage” means—

11 (A) an increase in greenhouse gas emis-
12 sions by one facility or entity caused by a re-
13 duction in greenhouse gas emissions by another
14 facility or entity; or

15 (B) a decrease in sequestration that is
16 caused by an increase in sequestration at an-
17 other location.

18 (13) PERMANENCE.—The term “permanence”
19 means the extent to which greenhouse gases that are
20 sequestered will not later be returned to the atmos-
21 phere.

22 (14) REGISTRY.—The term “registry” means
23 the registry of greenhouse gas emission reductions
24 established under section 201(b)(2).

1 (15) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary”
2 means the Secretary of Commerce.

3 (16) SEQUESTRATION.—

4 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “sequestra-
5 tion” means the capture, long-term separation,
6 isolation, or removal of greenhouse gases from
7 the atmosphere.

8 (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term “sequestra-
9 tion” includes—

10 (i) agricultural and conservation prac-
11 tices;

12 (ii) reforestation;

13 (iii) forest preservation; and

14 (iv) any other appropriate method of
15 capture, long-term separation, isolation, or
16 removal of greenhouse gases from the at-
17 mosphere, as determined by the Adminis-
18 trator.

19 (C) EXCLUSIONS.—The term “sequestra-
20 tion” does not include—

21 (i) any conversion of, or negative im-
22 pact on, a native ecosystem; or

23 (ii) any introduction of non-native
24 species.

1 (17) SOURCE CATEGORY.—The term “source
2 category” means a process or activity that leads to
3 direct emissions of greenhouse gases, as listed in the
4 Inventory.

5 (18) STATIONARY SOURCE.—The term “sta-
6 tionary source” means generally any source of
7 greenhouse gases except those emissions resulting di-
8 rectly from an engine for transportation purposes.

9 **TITLE I—FEDERAL CLIMATE**
10 **CHANGE RESEARCH AND RE-**
11 **LATED ACTIVITIES**

12 **SEC. 101. NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION FELLOWSHIPS.**

13 The Director of the National Science Foundation
14 shall establish a fellowship program for students pursuing
15 graduate studies in global climate change, including capa-
16 bility in observation, analysis, modeling, paleoclimatology,
17 consequences, and adaptation.

18 **SEC. 102. COMMERCE DEPARTMENT STUDY OF TECH-**
19 **NOLOGY TRANSFER BARRIERS.**

20 (a) STUDY.—The Assistant Secretary of Technology
21 Policy at Department of Commerce shall conduct a study
22 of technology transfer barriers, best practices, and out-
23 comes of technology transfer activities at Federal labora-
24 tories related to the licensing and commercialization of en-
25 ergy efficient technologies, and other technologies that,

1 compared to similar technology in commercial use, result
2 in reduced emissions of greenhouse gases or increased se-
3 questration of greenhouse gases. The study shall be sub-
4 mitted to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science,
5 and Transportation and the House of Representatives
6 Committee on Science within 6 months after the date of
7 enactment of this Act. The Assistant Secretary shall work
8 with the existing interagency working group to address
9 identified barriers.

10 (b) AGENCY REPORT TO INCLUDE INFORMATION ON
11 TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER INCOME AND ROYALTIES.—
12 Paragraph (2)(B) of section 11(f) of the Stevenson-
13 Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C.
14 3710(f)) is amended—

15 (1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in
16 clause (vi);

17 (2) by redesignating clause (vii) as clause (ix);
18 and

19 (3) by inserting after clause (vi) the following:

20 “(vii) the number of fully-executed li-
21 censes which received royalty income in the
22 preceding fiscal year for climate-change or
23 energy-efficient technology;

1 “(viii) the total earned royalty income
2 for climate-change or energy-efficient tech-
3 nology; and”.

4 (c) INCREASED INCENTIVES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF
5 CLIMATE-CHANGE OR ENERGY-EFFICIENT TECH-
6 NOLOGY.—Section 14(a) of the Stevenson-Wydler Tech-
7 nology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710c(a)) is
8 amended—

9 (1) by striking “15 percent,” in paragraph
10 (1)(A) and inserting “15 percent (25 percent for cli-
11 mate change-related technologies),”; and

12 (2) by inserting “(\$250,000 for climate change-
13 related technologies)” after “\$150,000” each place
14 it appears in paragraph (3).

15 **SEC. 103. REPORT ON UNITED STATES IMPACT OF KYOTO**
16 **PROTOCOL.**

17 Within 6 months after the date of enactment of this
18 Act, the Secretary shall execute a contract with the Na-
19 tional Academy of Science for a report to the Senate Com-
20 mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the
21 House of Representatives Committee on Science on the ef-
22 fects that the entry into force of the Kyoto Protocol with-
23 out United States participation will have on—

24 (1) United States industry and its ability to
25 compete globally;

1 (2) international cooperation on scientific re-
2 search and development; and

3 (3) United States participation in international
4 environmental climate change mitigation efforts and
5 technology deployment.

6 **SEC. 104. RESEARCH GRANTS.**

7 Section 105 of the Global Change Research Act of
8 1990 (15 U.S.C. 2935) is amended—

9 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
10 subsection (d); and

11 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
12 lowing:

13 “(c) RESEARCH GRANTS.—

14 “(1) COMMITTEE TO DEVELOP LIST OF PRI-
15 ORITY RESEARCH AREAS.—The Committee shall de-
16 velop a list of priority areas for research and devel-
17 opment on climate change that are not being ad-
18 dressed by Federal agencies.

19 “(2) DIRECTOR OF OSTP TO TRANSMIT LIST TO
20 NSF.—The Director of the Office of Science and
21 Technology Policy shall transmit the list to the Na-
22 tional Science Foundation.

23 “(3) FUNDING THROUGH NSF.—

24 “(A) BUDGET REQUEST.—The National
25 Science Foundation shall include, as part of the

1 annual request for appropriations for the
2 Science and Technology Policy Institute, a re-
3 quest for appropriations to fund research in the
4 priority areas on the list developed under para-
5 graph (1).

6 “(B) AUTHORIZATION.—For fiscal year
7 2005 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are
8 authorized to be appropriated to the National
9 Science Foundation not less than \$25,000,000,
10 to be made available through the Science and
11 Technology Policy Institute, for research in
12 those priority areas.”.

13 **SEC. 105. ABRUPT CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, through the Na-
15 tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall
16 carry out a program of scientific research on potential ab-
17 rupt climate change designed—

18 (1) to develop a global array of terrestrial and
19 oceanographic indicators of paleoclimate in order
20 sufficiently to identify and describe past instances of
21 abrupt climate change;

22 (2) to improve understanding of thresholds and
23 nonlinearities in geophysical systems related to the
24 mechanisms of abrupt climate change;

1 those measures and programs on low-income popu-
2 lations;

3 (3) identify appropriate climate change mitiga-
4 tion strategies and programs for developing coun-
5 tries and low-income populations and assess the im-
6 pact of those strategies and programs on developing
7 countries and on low-income populations in the
8 United States; and

9 (4) include an estimate of the costs of devel-
10 oping and implementing those climate change adap-
11 tation and mitigation programs.

12 (b) REPORT.—Within 1 year after the date of enact-
13 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit a report
14 on the research conducted under subsection (a) to the Sen-
15 ate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
16 tation, the Senate Committee on Environment and Public
17 Works, the House of Representatives Committee on
18 Science, and the House of Representatives Committee on
19 Energy and Commerce.

20 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
21 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
22 \$2,000,000 to carry out the research required by sub-
23 section (a).

1 **SEC. 107. NIST GREENHOUSE GAS FUNCTIONS.**

2 Section 2(c) of the National Institute of Standards
3 and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)) is amended—

4 (1) by striking “and” after the semicolon in
5 paragraph (21);

6 (2) by redesignating paragraph (22) as para-
7 graph (23); and

8 (3) by inserting after paragraph (21) the fol-
9 lowing:

10 “(22) perform research to develop enhanced
11 measurements, calibrations, standards, and tech-
12 nologies which will facilitate activities that reduce
13 emissions of greenhouse gases or increase sequestra-
14 tion of greenhouse gases, including carbon dioxide,
15 methane, nitrous oxide, ozone, perfluorocarbons,
16 hydrofluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride; and”.

17 **SEC. 108. DEVELOPMENT OF NEW MEASUREMENT TECH-**
18 **NOLOGIES.**

19 To facilitate implementation of section 204, the Sec-
20 retary shall initiate a program to develop, with technical
21 assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative
22 standards and measurement technologies to calculate
23 greenhouse gas emissions or reductions for which no accu-
24 rate or reliable measurement technology exists. The pro-
25 gram shall include—

1 a global climate change standards and processes re-
2 search program.

3 “(2) RESEARCH PROJECTS.—The specific con-
4 tents and priorities of the research program shall be
5 determined in consultation with appropriate Federal
6 agencies, including the Environmental Protection
7 Agency, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
8 ministration, and the National Aeronautics and
9 Space Administration. The program generally shall
10 include basic and applied research—

11 “(A) to develop and provide the enhanced
12 measurements, calibrations, data, models, and
13 reference material standards which will enable
14 the monitoring of greenhouse gases;

15 “(B) to assist in establishing a baseline
16 reference point for future trading in greenhouse
17 gases and the measurement of progress in emis-
18 sions reduction;

19 “(C) that will be exchanged internationally
20 as scientific or technical information which has
21 the stated purpose of developing mutually rec-
22 ognized measurements, standards, and proce-
23 dures for reducing greenhouse gases; and

1 “(D) to assist in developing improved in-
2 dustrial processes designed to reduce or elimi-
3 nate greenhouse gases.

4 “(c) NATIONAL MEASUREMENT LABORATORIES.—

5 “(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this sec-
6 tion, the Director shall utilize the collective skills of
7 the National Measurement Laboratories of the Na-
8 tional Institute of Standards and Technology to im-
9 prove the accuracy of measurements that will permit
10 better understanding and control of these industrial
11 chemical processes and result in the reduction or
12 elimination of greenhouse gases.

13 “(2) MATERIAL, PROCESS, AND BUILDING RE-
14 SEARCH.—The National Measurement Laboratories
15 shall conduct research under this subsection that in-
16 cludes—

17 “(A) developing material and manufac-
18 turing processes which are designed for energy
19 efficiency and reduced greenhouse gas emissions
20 into the environment;

21 “(B) developing chemical processes to be
22 used by industry that, compared to similar
23 processes in commercial use, result in reduced
24 emissions of greenhouse gases or increased se-
25 questration of greenhouse gases; and

1 “(C) enhancing building performance with
2 a focus in developing standards or tools which
3 will help incorporate low- or no-emission tech-
4 nologies into building designs.

5 “(3) STANDARDS AND TOOLS.—The National
6 Measurement Laboratories shall develop standards
7 and tools under this subsection that include software
8 to assist designers in selecting alternate building
9 materials, performance data on materials, artificial
10 intelligence-aided design procedures for building sub-
11 systems and ‘smart buildings’, and improved test
12 methods and rating procedures for evaluating the
13 energy performance of residential and commercial
14 appliances and products.

15 “(d) NATIONAL VOLUNTARY LABORATORY ACCREDI-
16 TATION PROGRAM.—The Director shall utilize the Na-
17 tional Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program under
18 this section to establish a program to include specific cali-
19 bration or test standards and related methods and proto-
20 cols assembled to satisfy the unique needs for accredita-
21 tion in measuring the production of greenhouse gases. In
22 carrying out this subsection the Director may cooperate
23 with other departments and agencies of the Federal Gov-
24 ernment, State and local governments, and private organi-
25 zations.”.

1 **SEC. 110. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND DIFFUSION.**

2 The Director of the National Institute of Standards
3 and Technology, through the Manufacturing Extension
4 Partnership Program, may develop a program to promote
5 the use, by the more than 380,000 small manufacturers,
6 of technologies and techniques that result in reduced emis-
7 sions of greenhouse gases or increased sequestration of
8 greenhouse gases.

9 **SEC. 111. AGRICULTURAL OUTREACH PROGRAM.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Agriculture, act-
11 ing through the Global Change Program Office and in
12 consultation with the heads of other appropriate depart-
13 ments and agencies, shall establish the Climate Change
14 Education and Outreach Initiative Program to educate,
15 and reach out to, agricultural organizations and individual
16 farmers on global climate change.

17 (b) PROGRAM COMPONENTS.—The program—

18 (1) shall be designed to ensure that agricultural
19 organizations and individual farmers receive detailed
20 information about—

21 (A) the potential impact of climate change
22 on their operations and well-being;

23 (B) market-driven economic opportunities
24 that may come from storing carbon in soils and
25 vegetation, including emerging private sector
26 markets for carbon storage; and

1 (C) techniques for measuring, monitoring,
 2 verifying, and inventorying such carbon capture
 3 efforts;

4 (2) may incorporate existing efforts in any area
 5 of activity referenced in paragraph (1) or in related
 6 areas of activity;

7 (3) shall provide—

8 (A) outreach materials to interested par-
 9 ties;

10 (B) workshops; and

11 (C) technical assistance; and

12 (4) may include the creation and development
 13 of regional centers on climate change or coordination
 14 with existing centers (including such centers within
 15 NRCS and the Cooperative State Research Edu-
 16 cation and Extension Service).

17 **TITLE II—NATIONAL**
 18 **GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE**

19 **SEC. 201. NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE AND**
 20 **REGISTRY ESTABLISHED.**

21 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—As soon as practicable after
 22 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in
 23 coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Energy,
 24 the Secretary of Agriculture, and private sector and non-
 25 governmental organizations, shall establish, operate, and

1 maintain a database, to be known as the “National Green-
2 house Gas Database”, to collect, verify, and analyze infor-
3 mation on greenhouse gas emissions by entities.

4 (b) NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE COM-
5 PONENTS.—The database shall consist of—

6 (1) an inventory of greenhouse gas emissions;

7 and

8 (2) a registry of greenhouse gas emission reduc-
9 tions and increases in greenhouse gas sequestra-
10 tions.

11 (c) COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
13 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
14 shall promulgate regulations to implement a com-
15 prehensive system for greenhouse gas emissions re-
16 porting, inventorying, and reductions registration.

17 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator shall
18 ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that—

19 (A) the comprehensive system described in
20 paragraph (1) is designed to—

21 (i) maximize completeness, trans-
22 parency, and accuracy of information re-
23 ported; and

1 (ii) minimize costs incurred by entities
2 in measuring and reporting greenhouse gas
3 emissions; and

4 (B) the regulations promulgated under
5 paragraph (1) establish procedures and proto-
6 cols necessary—

7 (i) to prevent the double-counting of
8 greenhouse gas emissions or emission re-
9 ductions reported by more than 1 reporting
10 entity;

11 (ii) to provide for corrections to errors
12 in data submitted to the database;

13 (iii) to provide for adjustment to data
14 by reporting entities that have had a sig-
15 nificant organizational change (including
16 mergers, acquisitions, and divestiture), in
17 order to maintain comparability among
18 data in the database over time;

19 (iv) to provide for adjustments to re-
20 flect new technologies or methods for
21 measuring or calculating greenhouse gas
22 emissions;

23 (v) to account for changes in registra-
24 tion of ownership of emission reductions

1 resulting from a voluntary private trans-
 2 action between reporting entities; and

3 (vi) to clarify the responsibility for re-
 4 porting in the case of any facility owned or
 5 controlled by more than 1 entity.

6 (3) SERIAL NUMBERS.—Through regulations
 7 promulgated under paragraph (1), the Administrator
 8 shall develop and implement a system that pro-
 9 vides—

10 (A) for the verification of submitted emis-
 11 sions reductions registered under section 204;

12 (B) for the provision of unique serial num-
 13 bers to identify the registered emission reduc-
 14 tions made by an entity relative to the baseline
 15 of the entity;

16 (C) for the tracking of the registered re-
 17 ductions associated with the serial numbers;
 18 and

19 (D) for such action as may be necessary to
 20 prevent counterfeiting of the registered reduc-
 21 tions.

22 **SEC. 202. INVENTORY OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS**
 23 **FOR COVERED ENTITIES.**

24 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1st of each
 25 calendar year after 2008, each covered entity shall submit

1 to the Administrator a report that states, for the pre-
2 ceding calendar year, the entity-wide greenhouse gas emis-
3 sions (as reported at the facility level), including—

4 (1) the total quantity of direct greenhouse gas
5 emissions from stationary sources, expressed in units
6 of carbon dioxide equivalents, except those reported
7 under paragraph (3);

8 (2) the amount of petroleum products sold or
9 imported by the entity and the amount of green-
10 house gases, expressed in units of carbon dioxide
11 equivalents, that would be emitted when these prod-
12 ucts are used for transportation in the United
13 States, as determined by the Administrator under
14 section 301(b);

15 (3) the amount of hydrofluorocarbons,
16 perfluorocarbons, or sulfur hexafluoride, expressed
17 in units of carbon dioxide equivalents, that are sold
18 or imported by the entity and will ultimately be
19 emitted in the United States, as determined by the
20 Administrator under section 301(d); and

21 (4) such other categories of emissions as the
22 Administrator determines in the regulations promul-
23 gated under section 201(c)(1) may be practicable
24 and useful for the purposes of this Act, such as—

1 (A) indirect emissions from imported elec-
2 tricity, heat, and steam;

3 (B) process and fugitive emissions; and

4 (C) production or importation of green-
5 house gases.

6 (b) COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS OF DATA.—The Ad-
7 ministrator shall collect and analyze information reported
8 under subsection (a) for use under title III.

9 **SEC. 203. GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION REPORTING.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the requirements de-
11 scribed in subsection (b)—

12 (1) a covered entity may register greenhouse
13 gas emission reductions achieved after 1990 and be-
14 fore 2010 under this section; and

15 (2) an entity that is not a covered entity may
16 register greenhouse gas emission reductions achieved
17 at any time since 1990 under this section.

18 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The requirements referred
20 to in subsection (a) are that an entity (other than
21 an entity described in paragraph (2)) shall—

22 (A) establish a baseline; and

23 (B) submit the report described in sub-
24 section (c)(1).

1 (2) REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ENTITIES
2 ENTERING INTO CERTAIN AGREEMENTS.—An entity
3 that enters into an agreement with a participant in
4 the registry for the purpose of a carbon sequestra-
5 tion project shall not be required to comply with the
6 requirements specified in paragraph (1) unless that
7 entity is required to comply with the requirements
8 by reason of an activity other than the agreement.

9 (c) REPORTS.—

10 (1) REQUIRED REPORT.—Not later than July
11 1st of the each calendar year beginning more than
12 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, but
13 subject to paragraph (3), an entity described in sub-
14 section (a) shall submit to the Administrator a re-
15 port that states, for the preceding calendar year, the
16 entity-wide greenhouse gas emissions (as reported at
17 the facility level), including—

18 (A) the total quantity of direct greenhouse
19 gas emissions from stationary sources, ex-
20 pressed in units of carbon dioxide equivalents;

21 (B) the amount of petroleum products sold
22 or imported by the entity and the amount of
23 greenhouse gases, expressed in units of carbon
24 dioxide equivalents, that would be emitted when
25 these products are used for transportation in

1 the United States, as determined by the Admin-
2 istrator under section 301(b);

3 (C) the amount of hydrofluorocarbons,
4 perfluorocarbons, or sulfur hexafluoride, ex-
5 pressed in units of carbon dioxide equivalents,
6 that are sold or imported by the entity and will
7 ultimately be emitted in the United States, as
8 determined by the Administrator under section
9 301(d); and

10 (D) such other categories of emissions as
11 the Administrator determines in the regulations
12 promulgated under section 201(c)(1) may be
13 practicable and useful for the purposes of this
14 Act, such as—

15 (i) indirect emissions from imported
16 electricity, heat, and steam;

17 (ii) process and fugitive emissions;
18 and

19 (iii) production or importation of
20 greenhouse gases.

21 (2) VOLUNTARY REPORTING.—An entity de-
22 scribed in subsection (a) may (along with estab-
23 lishing a baseline and reporting emissions under this
24 section)—

1 (A) submit a report described in paragraph
2 (1) before the date specified in that paragraph
3 for the purposes of achieving and
4 commoditizing greenhouse gas reductions
5 through use of the registry and for other pur-
6 poses; and

7 (B) submit to the Administrator, for inclu-
8 sion in the registry, information that has been
9 verified in accordance with regulations promul-
10 gated under section 201(c)(1) and that relates
11 to—

12 (i) any activity that resulted in the
13 net reduction of the greenhouse gas emis-
14 sions of the entity or a net increase in se-
15 questration by the entity that were carried
16 out during or after 1990 and before the es-
17 tablishment of the database, verified in ac-
18 cordance with regulations promulgated
19 under section 201(c)(1), and submitted to
20 the Administrator before the date that is 4
21 years after the date of enactment of this
22 Act; and

23 (ii) with respect to the calendar year
24 preceding the calendar year in which the
25 information is submitted, any project or

1 activity that resulted in the net reduction
2 of the greenhouse gas emissions of the en-
3 tity or a net increase in net sequestration
4 by the entity.

5 (3) PROVISION OF VERIFICATION INFORMATION
6 BY REPORTING ENTITIES.—Each entity that submits
7 a report under this subsection shall provide informa-
8 tion sufficient for the Administrator to verify, in ac-
9 cordance with measurement and verification methods
10 and standards developed under section 204, that the
11 greenhouse gas report of the reporting entity—

12 (A) has been accurately reported; and

13 (B) in the case of each voluntary report
14 under paragraph (2), represents—

15 (i) actual reductions in direct green-
16 house gas emissions—

17 (I) relative to historic emission
18 levels of the entity; and

19 (II) after accounting for any in-
20 creases in indirect emissions described
21 in paragraph (1)(C)(i); or

22 (ii) actual increases in net sequestra-
23 tion.

24 (4) FAILURE TO SUBMIT REPORT.—An entity
25 that participates or has participated in the registry

1 and that fails to submit a report required under this
2 subsection shall be prohibited from using, or allow-
3 ing another entity to use, its registered emissions re-
4 ductions or increases in sequestration to satisfy the
5 requirements of section 301.

6 (5) INDEPENDENT THIRD-PARTY VERIFICA-
7 TION.—To meet the requirements of this section and
8 section 203, an entity that is required to submit a
9 report under this section may—

10 (A) obtain independent third-party
11 verification; and

12 (B) present the results of the third-party
13 verification to the Administrator.

14 (6) AVAILABILITY OF DATA.—

15 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
16 shall ensure that information in the database
17 is—

18 (i) published; and

19 (ii) accessible to the public, including
20 in electronic format on the Internet.

21 (B) EXCEPTION.—Subparagraph (A) shall
22 not apply in any case in which the Adminis-
23 trator determines that publishing or otherwise
24 making available information described in that
25 subparagraph poses a risk to national security

1 or discloses confidential business information
2 that can not be derived from information that
3 is otherwise publicly available and that would
4 cause competitive harm if published.

5 (7) DATA INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Adminis-
6 trator shall ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
7 ticable, that the database uses, and is integrated
8 with, Federal, State, and regional greenhouse gas
9 data collection and reporting systems in effect as of
10 the date of enactment of this Act.

11 (8) ADDITIONAL ISSUES TO BE CONSIDERED.—
12 In promulgating the regulations under section
13 201(c)(1) and implementing the database, the Ad-
14 ministrator shall take into consideration a broad
15 range of issues involved in establishing an effective
16 database, including—

17 (A) the data and information systems and
18 measures necessary to identify, track, and
19 verify greenhouse gas emissions in a manner
20 that will encourage private sector trading and
21 exchanges;

22 (B) the greenhouse gas reduction and se-
23 questration measurement and estimation meth-
24 ods and standards applied in other countries, as
25 applicable or relevant;

1 (C) the extent to which available fossil
2 fuels, greenhouse gas emissions, and greenhouse
3 gas production and importation data are ade-
4 quate to implement the database; and

5 (D) the differences in, and potential
6 uniqueness of, the facilities, operations, and
7 business and other relevant practices of persons
8 and entities in the private and public sectors
9 that may be expected to participate in the data-
10 base.

11 (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Administrator shall pub-
12 lish an annual report that—

13 (1) describes the total greenhouse gas emissions
14 and emission reductions reported to the database
15 during the year covered by the report;

16 (2) provides entity-by-entity and sector-by-sec-
17 tor analyses of the emissions and emission reduc-
18 tions reported;

19 (3) describes the atmospheric concentrations of
20 greenhouse gases;

21 (4) provides a comparison of current and past
22 atmospheric concentrations of greenhouse gases; and

23 (5) describes the activity during the year cov-
24 ered by the period in the trading of greenhouse gas
25 emission allowances.

1 **SEC. 204. MEASUREMENT AND VERIFICATION.**

2 (a) STANDARDS.—

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
4 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
5 shall establish by rule, in coordination with the Ad-
6 ministrator, the Secretary of Energy, and the Sec-
7 retary of Agriculture, comprehensive measurement
8 and verification methods and standards to ensure a
9 consistent and technically accurate record of green-
10 house gas emissions, emission reductions, sequestra-
11 tion, and atmospheric concentrations for use in the
12 registry.

13 (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The methods and stand-
14 ards established under paragraph (1) shall include—

15 (A) a requirement that a covered entity
16 use a continuous emissions monitoring system,
17 or another system of measuring or estimating
18 emissions that is determined by the Secretary
19 to provide information with precision, reli-
20 ability, accessibility, and timeliness similar to
21 that provided by a continuous emissions moni-
22 toring system where technologically feasible;

23 (B) establishment of standardized meas-
24 urement and verification practices for reports
25 made by all entities participating in the reg-
26 istry, taking into account—

1 (i) protocols and standards in use by
2 entities requiring or desiring to participate
3 in the registry as of the date of develop-
4 ment of the methods and standards under
5 paragraph (1);

6 (ii) boundary issues, such as leakage;

7 (iii) avoidance of double counting of
8 greenhouse gas emissions and emission re-
9 ductions;

10 (iv) protocols to prevent a covered en-
11 tity from avoiding the requirements of this
12 Act by reorganization into multiple entities
13 that are under common control; and

14 (v) such other factors as the Sec-
15 retary, in consultation with the Adminis-
16 trator, determines to be appropriate;

17 (C) establishment of methods of—

18 (i) estimating greenhouse gas emis-
19 sions, for those cases in which the Sec-
20 retary determines that methods of moni-
21 toring, measuring or estimating such emis-
22 sions with precision, reliability, accessi-
23 bility, and timeliness similar to that pro-
24 vided by a continuous emissions monitoring

1 system are not technologically feasible at
2 present; and

3 (ii) reporting the accuracy of such es-
4 timations;

5 (D) establishment of measurement and
6 verification standards applicable to actions
7 taken to reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse
8 gas emissions;

9 (E) in coordination with the Secretary of
10 Agriculture, standards to measure the results of
11 the use of carbon sequestration and carbon re-
12 capture technologies, including—

13 (i) soil carbon sequestration practices;

14 and

15 (ii) forest preservation and reforest-
16 ation activities that adequately address the
17 issues of permanence, leakage, and
18 verification;

19 (E) establishment of such other measure-
20 ment and verification standards as the Sec-
21 retary, in consultation with the Secretary of Ag-
22 riculture, the Administrator, and the Secretary
23 of Energy, determines to be appropriate;

24 (F) establishment of standards for obtain-
25 ing the Secretary's approval of the suitability of

1 geological storage sites that include evaluation
2 of both the geology of the site and the entity's
3 capacity to manage the site; and

4 (G) establishment of other features that,
5 as determined by the Secretary, will allow enti-
6 ties to adequately establish a fair and reliable
7 measurement and reporting system.

8 (b) REVIEW AND REVISION.—The Secretary shall pe-
9 riodically review, and revise as necessary, the methods and
10 standards developed under subsection (a).

11 (c) PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary shall—

12 (1) make available to the public for comment,
13 in draft form and for a period of at least 90 days,
14 the methods and standards developed under sub-
15 section (a); and

16 (2) after the 90-day period referred to in para-
17 graph (1), in coordination with the Secretary of En-
18 ergy, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Adminis-
19 trator, adopt the methods and standards developed
20 under subsection (a) for use in implementing the
21 database.

22 (d) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may obtain
24 the services of experts and consultants in the private
25 and nonprofit sectors in accordance with section

1 3109 of title 5, United States Code, in the areas of
2 greenhouse gas measurement, certification, and
3 emission trading.

4 (2) AVAILABLE ARRANGEMENTS.—In obtaining
5 any service described in paragraph (1), the Sec-
6 retary may use any available grant, contract, cooper-
7 ative agreement, or other arrangement authorized by
8 law.

9 **TITLE III—MARKET-DRIVEN**
10 **GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS**
11 **Subtitle A—Emission Reduction**
12 **Requirements; Use of Tradeable**
13 **Allowances**

14 **SEC. 301. COVERED ENTITIES MUST SUBMIT ALLOWANCES**
15 **FOR EMISSIONS.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning with calendar year
17 2010—

18 (1) each covered entity in the electric genera-
19 tion, industrial, and commercial sectors shall submit
20 to the Administrator one tradeable allowance for
21 every metric ton of greenhouse gases, measured in
22 units of carbon dioxide equivalents, that it emits
23 from stationary sources, except those described in
24 paragraph (2);

1 (2) each producer or importer of
2 hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, or sulfur
3 hexafluoride that is a covered entity shall submit to
4 the Administrator one tradeable allowance for every
5 metric ton of hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons,
6 or sulfur hexafluoride, measured in units of carbon
7 dioxide equivalents; that it produces or imports and
8 that will ultimately be emitted in the United States,
9 as determined by the Administrator under sub-
10 section (d) and

11 (3) each petroleum refiner or importer that is
12 a covered entity shall submit one tradeable allowance
13 for every unit of petroleum product it sells that will
14 produce one metric ton of greenhouse gases, meas-
15 ured in units of carbon dioxide equivalents, as deter-
16 mined by the Administrator under subsection (b),
17 when used for transportation.

18 (b) DETERMINATION OF TRANSPORTATION SECTOR
19 AMOUNT.—For the transportation sector, the Adminis-
20 trator shall determine the amount of greenhouse gases,
21 measured in units of carbon dioxide equivalents, that will
22 be emitted when petroleum products are used for trans-
23 portation.

24 (c) EXCEPTION FOR CERTAIN DEPOSITED EMIS-
25 SIONS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), a covered entity

1 is not required to submit a tradeable allowance for any
2 amount of greenhouse gas that would otherwise have been
3 emitted from a facility under the ownership or control of
4 that entity if—

5 (1) the emission is deposited in a geological
6 storage facility approved by the Administrator under
7 section 204(a)(2)(F); and

8 (2) the entity agrees to submit tradeable allow-
9 ances for any portion of the deposited emission that
10 is subsequently emitted from that facility.

11 (d) DETERMINATION OF HYDROFLUOROCARBON,
12 PERFLUOROCARBON, AND SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE
13 AMOUNT.—The Administrator shall determine the
14 amounts of hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, or sul-
15 fur hexafluoride, measured in units of carbon dioxide
16 equivalents, that will be deemed to be emitted for purposes
17 of this Act.

18 **SEC. 302. COMPLIANCE.**

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—

20 (1) SOURCE OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES
21 USED.—A covered entity may use a tradeable allow-
22 ance to meet the requirements of this section with-
23 out regard to whether the tradeable allowance was
24 allocated to it under subtitle B or acquired from an-

1 other entity or the Climate Change Credit Corpora-
2 tion established under section 351.

3 (2) VERIFICATION BY ADMINISTRATOR.—At
4 various times during each year, the Administrator
5 shall determine whether each covered entity has met
6 the requirements of this section. In making that de-
7 termination, the Administrator shall—

8 (A) take into account the tradeable allow-
9 ances submitted by the covered entity to the
10 Administrator; and

11 (B) retire the serial number assigned to
12 each such tradeable allowance.

13 (b) ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COMPLIANCE.—For the
14 years 2010 and after, a covered entity may satisfy up to
15 15 percent of its total allowance submission requirement
16 under this section by—

17 (1) submitting tradeable allowances from an-
18 other nation's market in greenhouse gas emissions
19 if—

20 (A) the Secretary determines that the
21 other nation's system for trading in greenhouse
22 gas emissions is complete, accurate, and trans-
23 parent and reviews that determination at least
24 once every 5 years;

1 (B) the other nation has adopted enforce-
2 able limits on its greenhouse gas emissions
3 which the tradeable allowances were issued to
4 implement; and

5 (C) the covered entity certifies that the
6 tradeable allowance has been retired unused in
7 the other nation's market;

8 (2) submitting a registered net increase in se-
9 questration, as registered in the database, adjusted,
10 if necessary, to comply with the accounting stand-
11 ards and methods established under section 372;

12 (3) submitting a greenhouse gas emissions re-
13 duction (other than a registered net increase in se-
14 questration) that was registered in the database by
15 a person that is not a covered entity; or

16 (4) submitting credits obtained from the Ad-
17 ministrator under section 303.

18 (c) DEDICATED PROGRAM FOR SEQUESTRATION IN
19 AGRICULTURAL SOILS.—If a covered entity chooses to
20 satisfy 15 percent of its total allowance submission re-
21 quirements under the provisions of subsection (b), it shall
22 satisfy up to 1.5 percent of its total allowance submission
23 requirement by submitting registered net increases in se-
24 questration in agricultural soils, as registered in the data-

1 base, adjusted, if necessary, to comply with the accounting
2 standards and methods established under section 371.

3 **SEC. 303. BORROWING AGAINST FUTURE REDUCTIONS.**

4 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish
5 a program under which a covered entity may—

6 (1) receive a credit in the current calendar year
7 for anticipated reductions in emissions in a future
8 calendar year; and

9 (2) use the credit in lieu of a tradeable allow-
10 ance to meet the requirements of this Act for the
11 current calendar year, subject to the limitation im-
12 posed by section 302(b).

13 (b) DETERMINATION OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCE
14 CREDITS.—The Administrator may make credits available
15 under subsection (a) only for anticipated reductions in
16 emissions that—

17 (1) are attributable to the realization of capital
18 investments in equipment, the construction, recon-
19 struction, or acquisition of facilities, or the deploy-
20 ment of new technologies—

21 (A) for which the covered entity has exe-
22 cuted a binding contract and secured, or ap-
23 plied for, all necessary permits and operating or
24 implementation authority;

1 (B) that will not become operational within
2 the current calendar year; and

3 (C) that will become operational and begin
4 to reduce emissions from the covered entity
5 within 5 years after the year in which the credit
6 is used; and

7 (2) will be realized within 5 years after the year
8 in which the credit is used.

9 (c) CARRYING COST.—If a covered entity uses a cred-
10 it under this section to meet the requirements of this Act
11 for a calendar year (referred to as the use year), the
12 tradeable allowance requirement for the year from which
13 the credit was taken (referred to as the source year) shall
14 be increased by an amount equal to—

15 (1) 10 percent for each credit borrowed from
16 the source year; multiplied by

17 (2) the number of years beginning after the use
18 year and before the source year.

19 (d) MAXIMUM BORROWING PERIOD.—A credit from
20 a year beginning more than 5 years after the current year
21 may not be used to meet the requirements of this Act for
22 the current year.

23 (e) FAILURE TO ACHIEVE REDUCTIONS GENER-
24 ATING CREDIT.—If a covered entity that uses a credit
25 under this section fails to achieve the anticipated reduc-

1 tion for which the credit was granted for the year from
2 which the credit was taken, then—

3 (1) the covered entity's requirements under this
4 Act for that year shall be increased by the amount
5 of the credit, plus the amount determined under
6 subsection (c);

7 (2) any tradeable allowances submitted by the
8 covered entity for that year shall be counted first
9 against the increase in those requirements; and

10 (3) the covered entity may not use credits
11 under this section to meet the increased require-
12 ments.

13 **SEC. 304. OTHER USES OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Tradeable allowances may be sold,
15 exchanged, purchased, retired, or used as provided in this
16 section.

17 (b) INTERSECTOR TRADING.—Covered entities may
18 purchase or otherwise acquire tradeable allowances from
19 other covered sectors to satisfy the requirements of section
20 301.

21 (c) CLIMATE CHANGE CREDIT ORGANIZATION.—The
22 Climate Change Credit Corporation established under sec-
23 tion 351 may sell tradeable allowances allocated to it
24 under section 332(a)(2) to any covered entity or to any
25 investor, broker, or dealer in such tradeable allowances.

1 The Climate Change Credit Corporation shall use all pro-
2 ceeds from such sales in accordance with the provisions
3 of section 352.

4 (d) BANKING OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES.—Not-
5 withstanding the requirements of section 301, a covered
6 entity that has more than a sufficient amount of tradeable
7 allowances to satisfy the requirements of section 301, may
8 refrain from submitting a tradeable allowance to satisfy
9 the requirements in order to sell, exchange, or use the
10 tradeable allowance in the future.

11 **SEC. 305. EXEMPTION OF SOURCE CATEGORIES.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may grant an
13 exemption from the requirements of this Act to a source
14 category if the Administrator determines, after public no-
15 tice and comment, that it is not feasible to measure or
16 estimate emissions from that source category, until such
17 time as measurement or estimation becomes feasible.

18 (b) REDUCTION OF LIMITATIONS.—If the Adminis-
19 trator exempts a source category under subsection (a), the
20 Administrator shall also reduce the total tradeable allow-
21 ances under section 331(a)(1) by the amount of green-
22 house gas emissions that the exempted source category
23 emitted in calendar year 2000, as identified in the 2000
24 Inventory.

1 (c) LIMITATION ON EXEMPTION.—The Administrator
2 may not grant an exemption under subsection (a) to car-
3 bon dioxide produced from fossil fuel.

4 **Subtitle B—Establishment and** 5 **Allocation of Tradeable Allowances**

6 **SEC. 331. ESTABLISHMENT OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall promul-
8 gate regulations to establish tradeable allowances, denomi-
9 nated in units of carbon dioxide equivalents, for calendar
10 years beginning after 2009, equal to—

11 (1) 5896 million metric tons, measured in units
12 of carbon dioxide equivalents, reduced by

13 (2) the amount of emissions of greenhouse
14 gases in calendar year 2000 from non-covered enti-
15 ties.

16 (b) SERIAL NUMBERS.—The Administrator shall as-
17 sign a unique serial number to each tradeable allowance
18 established under subsection (a), and shall take such ac-
19 tion as may be necessary to prevent counterfeiting of
20 tradeable allowances.

21 (c) NATURE OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES.—A
22 tradeable allowance is not a property right, and nothing
23 in this title or any other provision of law limits the author-
24 ity of the United States to terminate or limit a tradeable
25 allowance.

1 (d) NON-COVERED ENTITY.—In this section:

2 (1) IN GENERAL.—The term “non-covered enti-
3 ty” means an entity that—

4 (A) owns or controls a source of green-
5 house gas emissions in the electric power, in-
6 dustrial, or commercial sectors of the United
7 States economy (as defined in the Inventory),
8 refines or imports petroleum products for use in
9 transportation, or produces or imports
10 hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, or sulfur
11 hexafluoride; and

12 (B) is not a covered entity.

13 (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph
14 (1), an entity that is a covered entity for any cal-
15 endar year beginning after 2009 shall not be consid-
16 ered to be a non-covered entity for purposes of sub-
17 section (a) only because it emitted, or its products
18 would have emitted, 10,000 metric tons or less of
19 greenhouse gas, measured in units of carbon dioxide
20 equivalents, in the year 2000.

21 **SEC. 332. DETERMINATION OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCE**
22 **ALLOCATIONS.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall determine—

1 (1) the amount of tradeable allowances to be al-
2 located to each covered sector of that sector's allot-
3 ments; and

4 (2) the amount of tradeable allowances to be al-
5 located to the Climate Change Credit Corporation
6 established under section 351.

7 (b) ALLOCATION FACTORS.—In making the deter-
8 mination required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall
9 consider—

10 (1) the distributive effect of the allocations on
11 household income and net worth of individuals;

12 (2) the impact of the allocations on corporate
13 income, taxes, and asset value;

14 (3) the impact of the allocations on income lev-
15 els of consumers and on their energy consumption;

16 (4) the effects of the allocations in terms of eco-
17 nomic efficiency;

18 (5) the ability of covered entities to pass
19 through compliance costs to their customers;

20 (6) the degree to which the amount of alloca-
21 tions to the covered sectors should decrease over
22 time; and

23 (7) the need to maintain the international com-
24 petitiveness of United States manufacturing and

1 avoid the additional loss of United States manufac-
2 turing jobs.

3 (c) **ALLOCATION RECOMMENDATIONS AND IMPLE-**
4 **MENTATION.**—Before allocating or providing tradeable al-
5 lowances under subsection (a) and within 24 months after
6 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
7 mit the determinations under subsection (a) to the Senate
8 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation,
9 the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works,
10 the House of Representatives Committee on Science, and
11 the House of Representatives Committee on Energy and
12 Commerce. The Secretary’s determinations under para-
13 graph (1), including the allocations and provision of
14 tradeable allowances pursuant to that determination, are
15 deemed to be a major rule (as defined in section 804(2)
16 of title 5, United States Code), and subject to the provi-
17 sions of chapter 8 of that title.

18 **SEC. 333. ALLOCATION OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES.**

19 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Beginning with calendar year
20 2010 and after taking into account any initial allocations
21 under section 334, the Administrator shall—

22 (1) allocate to each covered sector that sector’s
23 allotments determined by the Administrator under
24 section 332 (adjusted for any such initial allocations

1 and the allocation to the Climate Change Credit
2 Corporation established under section 351); and

3 (2) allocate to the Climate Change Credit Cor-
4 poration established under section 351 the tradeable
5 allowances allocable to that Corporation.

6 (b) INTRASECTORIAL ALLOTMENTS.—The Adminis-
7 trator shall, by regulation, establish a process for the allo-
8 cation of tradeable allowances under this section, without
9 cost to covered entities, that will—

10 (1) encourage investments that increase the ef-
11 ficiency of the processes that produce greenhouse
12 gas emissions;

13 (2) minimize the costs to the government of al-
14 locating the tradeable allowances;

15 (3) not penalize a covered entity for emissions
16 reductions made before 2010 and registered with the
17 database; and

18 (4) provide sufficient allocation for new en-
19 trants into the sector.

20 (c) POINT SOURCE ALLOCATION.—The Adminis-
21 trator shall allocate the tradeable allowances for the elec-
22 tricity generation, industrial, and commercial sectors to
23 the entities owning or controlling the point sources of
24 greenhouse gas emissions within that sector.

1 (d) HYDROFLUOROCARBONS, PERFLUOROCARBONS,
2 AND SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE.—The Administrator shall
3 allocate the tradeable allowances for producers or import-
4 ers of hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, or sulfur
5 hexafluoride to such producers or importers.

6 (e) SPECIAL RULE FOR ALLOCATION WITHIN THE
7 TRANSPORTATION SECTOR.—The Administrator shall al-
8 locate the tradeable allowances for the transportation sec-
9 tor to petroleum refiners or importers that produce or im-
10 port petroleum products that will be used as fuel for trans-
11 portation.

12 (f) ALLOCATIONS TO RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERA-
13 TIVES.—For each electric generating unit that is owned
14 or operated by a rural electric cooperative, the Adminis-
15 trator shall allocate each year, at no cost, allowances in
16 an amount equal to the greenhouse gas emissions of each
17 such unit in 2000, plus an amount equal to the average
18 emissions growth expected for all such units. The alloca-
19 tions shall be offset from the allowances allocated to the
20 Climate Change Credit Corporation.

21 **SEC. 334. ENSURING TARGET ADEQUACY.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning 2 years after the date
23 of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Com-
24 merce for Oceans and Atmosphere shall review the allow-

1 ances established by section 331 no less frequently than
2 biennially—

3 (1) to re-evaluate the levels established by that
4 subsection, after taking into account the best avail-
5 able science and the most currently available data,
6 and

7 (2) to re-evaluate the environmental and public
8 health impacts of specific concentration levels of
9 greenhouse gases,

10 to determine whether the allowances established by sub-
11 section (a) continue to be consistent with the objective of
12 the United Nations' Framework Convention on Climate
13 Change of stabilizing levels of greenhouse gas emissions
14 at a level that will prevent dangerous anthropogenic inter-
15 ference with the climate system.

16 (b) REVIEW OF 2010 LEVELS.—The Under Secretary
17 shall specifically review in 2008 the level established under
18 section 331(a)(1), and transmit a report on his reviews,
19 together with any recommendations, including legislative
20 recommendations, for modification of the levels, to the
21 Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
22 tation, the Senate Committee on Environment and Public
23 Works, the House of Representatives Committee on
24 Science, and the House of Representatives Committee on
25 Energy and Commerce.

1 **SEC. 335. INITIAL ALLOCATIONS FOR EARLY PARTICIPA-**
2 **TION AND ACCELERATED PARTICIPATION.**

3 Before making any allocations under section 333, the
4 Administrator shall allocate—

5 (1) to any covered entity an amount of
6 tradeable allowances equivalent to the amount of
7 greenhouse gas emissions reductions registered by
8 that covered entity in the national greenhouse gas
9 database if—

10 (A) the covered entity has requested to use
11 the registered reduction in the year of alloca-
12 tion;

13 (B) the reduction was registered prior to
14 2010; and

15 (C) the Administrator retires the unique
16 serial number assigned to the reduction under
17 section 201(c)(3); and

18 (2) to any covered entity that has entered into
19 an accelerated participation agreement under section
20 336, such tradeable allowances as the Administrator
21 has determined to be appropriate under that section.

22 **SEC. 336. BONUS FOR ACCELERATED PARTICIPATION.**

23 (a) IN GENERAL.—If a covered entity executes an
24 agreement with the Administrator under which it agrees
25 to reduce its level of greenhouse gas emissions to a level
26 no greater than the level of its greenhouse gas emissions

1 for calendar year 1990 by the year 2010, then, for the
2 6-year period beginning with calendar year 2010, the Ad-
3 ministrator shall—

4 (1) provide additional tradeable allowances to
5 that entity when allocating allowances under section
6 334 in order to recognize the additional emissions
7 reductions that will be required of the covered entity;
8 and

9 (2) allow that entity to satisfy 20 percent of its
10 requirements under section 301 by—

11 (A) submitting tradeable allowances from
12 another nation's market in greenhouse gas
13 emissions under the conditions described in sec-
14 tion 312(b)(1);

15 (B) submitting a registered net increase in
16 sequestration, as registered in the National
17 Greenhouse Gas Database established under
18 section 201, and as adjusted by the appropriate
19 sequestration discount rate established under
20 section 371; or

21 (C) submitting a greenhouse gas emission
22 reduction (other than a registered net increase
23 in sequestration) that was registered in the Na-
24 tional Greenhouse Gas Database by a person
25 that is not a covered entity.

1 (b) TERMINATION.—An entity that executes an
 2 agreement described in subsection (a) may terminate the
 3 agreement at any time.

4 (c) FAILURE TO MEET COMMITMENT.—If an entity
 5 that executes an agreement described in subsection (a)
 6 fails to achieve the level of emissions to which it committed
 7 by calendar year 2010—

8 (1) its requirements under section 301 shall be
 9 increased by the amount of any tradeable allowances
 10 provided to it under subsection (a)(1); and

11 (2) any tradeable allowances submitted there-
 12 after shall be counted first against the increase in
 13 those requirements.

14 **Subtitle C—Climate Change Credit**
 15 **Corporation**

16 **SEC. 351. ESTABLISHMENT.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Climate Change Credit Cor-
 18 poration is established as a nonprofit corporation without
 19 stock. The Corporation shall not be considered to be an
 20 agency or establishment of the United States Government.

21 (b) APPLICABLE LAWS.—The Corporation shall be
 22 subject to the provisions of this title and, to the extent
 23 consistent with this title, to the District of Columbia Busi-
 24 ness Corporation Act.

1 (c) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The Corporation shall
2 have a board of directors of 5 individuals who are citizens
3 of the United States, of whom 1 shall be elected annually
4 by the board to serve as chairman. No more than 3 mem-
5 bers of the board serving at any time may be affiliated
6 with the same political party. The members of the board
7 shall be appointed by the President of the United States,
8 by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall
9 serve for terms of 5 years.

10 **SEC. 352. PURPOSES AND FUNCTIONS.**

11 (a) TRADING.—The Corporation—

12 (1) shall receive and manage tradeable allow-
13 ances allocated to it under section 333(a)(2); and

14 (2) shall buy and sell tradeable allowances,
15 whether allocated to it under that section or ob-
16 tained by purchase, trade, or donation from other
17 entities; but

18 (3) may not retire tradeable allowances unused.

19 (b) USE OF TRADEABLE ALLOWANCES AND PRO-
20 CEEDS.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Corporation shall use
22 the tradeable allowances, and proceeds derived from
23 its trading activities in tradeable allowances, to re-
24 duce costs borne by consumers as a result of the

1 greenhouse gas reduction requirements of this Act.

2 The reductions—

3 (A) may be obtained by buy-down, subsidy,
4 negotiation of discounts, consumer rebates, or
5 otherwise;

6 (B) shall be, as nearly as possible, equi-
7 tably distributed across all regions of the
8 United States; and

9 (C) may include arrangements for pref-
10 erential treatment to consumers who can least
11 afford any such increased costs.

12 (2) TRANSITION ASSISTANCE TO DISLOCATED
13 WORKERS AND COMMUNITIES.—The Corporation
14 shall allocate a percentage of the proceeds derived
15 from its trading activities in tradeable allowances to
16 provide transition assistance to dislocated workers
17 and communities. Transition assistance may take
18 the form of—

19 (A) grants to employers, employer associa-
20 tions, and representatives of employees—

21 (i) to provide training, adjustment as-
22 sistance, and employment services to dis-
23 located workers; and

1 (ii) to make income-maintenance and
2 needs-related payments to dislocated work-
3 ers; and

4 (B) grants to State and local governments
5 to assist communities in attracting new employ-
6 ers or providing essential local government serv-
7 ices.

8 (3) PHASE-OUT OF TRANSITION ASSISTANCE.—
9 The percentage allocated by the Corporation under
10 paragraph (2)—

11 (A) shall be 20 percent for 2010;

12 (B) shall be reduced by 2 percentage
13 points each year thereafter; and

14 (C) may not be reduced below zero.

15 (4) ADAPTATION AND MITIGATION ASSISTANCE
16 FOR LOW-INCOME PERSONS AND COMMUNITIES.—

17 The Corporation shall allocate a portion of the pro-
18 ceeds derived from its trading activities to funding
19 climate change adaptation and mitigation programs
20 to assist low-income populations identified in the re-
21 port submitted under section 106(b) as having par-
22 ticular needs in addressing the impact of climate
23 change.

24 (5) TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT PROGRAMS.—

25 The Corporation shall establish and carry out a pro-

1 gram, through direct grants, revolving loan pro-
2 grams, or other financial measures, to provide sup-
3 port for the deployment of technology to assist in
4 compliance with this Act by distributing the pro-
5 ceeds from no less than 10 percent of the total al-
6 lowances allocated to it. The support shall include
7 the following:

8 (A) COAL GASIFICATION COMBINED-CYCLE
9 AND GEOLOGICAL CARBON STORAGE PRO-
10 GRAM.—The Corporation shall establish and
11 carry out a program, through direct grants, to
12 provide incentives for the repowering of existing
13 facilities or construction of new facilities pro-
14 ducing electricity or other products from coal
15 gasification combined-cycle plants that capture
16 and geologically store at least 90 percent of the
17 carbon dioxide produced at the facility in ac-
18 cordance with requirements established by the
19 Administrator to ensure the permanence of the
20 storage and that such storage will not cause or
21 contribute to significant adverse effects on pub-
22 lic health or the environment. The Corporation
23 shall ensure that no less than 20 percent of the
24 funding under this program is distributed to
25 rural electric cooperatives.

1 (B) AGRICULTURAL PROGRAMS.—The Cor-
 2 poration shall establish and carry out a pro-
 3 gram, through direct grants, revolving loan pro-
 4 grams, or other financial measures, to provide
 5 incentives for greenhouse gas emissions reduc-
 6 tions or net increases in greenhouse gas seques-
 7 tration on agricultural lands. The program shall
 8 include incentives for—

9 (i) production of wind energy on agri-
 10 cultural lands;

11 (ii) agricultural management practices
 12 that achieve verified, incremental increases
 13 in net carbon sequestration, in accordance
 14 with the requirements established by the
 15 Administrator under section 371; and

16 (iii) production of renewable fuels
 17 that, after consideration of the energy
 18 needed to produce such fuels, result in a
 19 net reduction in greenhouse gas emissions.

20 **Subtitle D—Sequestration**

21 **Accounting; Penalties**

22 **SEC. 371. SEQUESTRATION ACCOUNTING.**

23 (a) SEQUESTRATION ACCOUNTING.—If a covered en-
 24 tity uses a registered net increase in sequestration to sat-
 25 isfy the requirements of section 301 for any year, that

1 covered entity shall submit information to the Adminis-
2 trator every 5 years thereafter sufficient to allow the Ad-
3 ministrator to determine, using the methods and stand-
4 ards created under section 204, whether that net increase
5 in sequestration still exists. Unless the Administrator de-
6 termines that the net increase in sequestration continues
7 to exist, the covered entity shall offset any loss of seques-
8 tration by submitting additional tradeable allowances of
9 equivalent amount in the calender year following that de-
10 termination.

11 (b) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—The Secretary, act-
12 ing through the Under Secretary of Commerce for Science
13 and Technology, in coordination with the Secretary of Ag-
14 riculture, the Secretary of Energy, and the Administrator,
15 shall issue regulations establishing the sequestration ac-
16 counting rules for all classes of sequestration projects.

17 (c) CRITERIA FOR REGULATIONS.—In issuing regula-
18 tions under this section, the Secretary shall use the fol-
19 lowing criteria:

20 (1) If the range of possible amounts of net in-
21 crease in sequestration for a particular class of se-
22 questration project is not more than 10 percent of
23 the median of that range, the amount of sequestra-
24 tion awarded shall be equal to the median value of
25 that range.

1 (2) If the range of possible amounts of net in-
2 crease in sequestration for a particular class of se-
3 questration project is more than 10 percent of the
4 median of that range, the amount of sequestration
5 awarded shall be equal to the fifth percentile of that
6 range.

7 (3) The regulations shall include procedures for
8 accounting for potential leakage from sequestration
9 projects and for ensuring that any registered in-
10 crease in sequestration is in addition that which
11 would have occurred if this Act had not been en-
12 acted.

13 (d) UPDATES.—The Secretary shall update the se-
14 questration accounting rules for every class of sequestra-
15 tion project at least once every 5 years.

16 **SEC. 372. PENALTIES.**

17 Any covered entity that fails to meet the require-
18 ments of section 301 for a year shall be liable for a civil
19 penalty, payable to the Administrator, equal to thrice the
20 market value (determined as of the last day of the year
21 at issue) of the tradeable allowances that would be nec-
22 essary for that covered entity to meet those requirements
23 on the date of the emission that resulted in the violation.

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