

110TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. RES. 1466

Honoring Dr. Guion S. “Guy” Bluford, Jr., and the 25th anniversary of his historic flight as the first African-American in space.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SEPTEMBER 18, 2008

Ms. EDWARDS of Maryland submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Science and Technology

RESOLUTION

Honoring Dr. Guion S. “Guy” Bluford, Jr., and the 25th anniversary of his historic flight as the first African-American in space.

Whereas Dr. Guion S. “Guy” Bluford, Jr., born in West Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was trained as an aerospace engineer and an Air Force pilot, conducted several combat missions, logged over 5,000 hours on numerous aircraft, conducted scientific research on computational fluid dynamics, and became a National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) astronaut in 1979;

Whereas in the early morning hours of August 30, 1983, Dr. Bluford became the first African-American to enter outer space as a crew member of the STS–8 space shuttle mission;

Whereas Dr. Bluford's pioneering STS-8 flight was the first mission to both launch and land at night;

Whereas this mission successfully deployed a satellite, tested operations of the shuttle's robotic arm, and released Get-away Special canisters to support science experiments;

Whereas on October 30, 1985, Dr. Bluford launched with the crew of STS 61-A, the first shuttle crew to include 8 members, to conduct the United States-German cooperative D-1 Spacelab mission that was dedicated to advancing our understanding of the human vestibular and orientation systems and to conducting microgravity research in materials science, life sciences, and communication and navigation;

Whereas Dr. Bluford went on to successfully complete 2 additional shuttle missions with the space shuttle Discovery's launch of the STS-39 on April 28, 1991, and the STS-53 on December 2, 1992;

Whereas among his other technical assignments, Dr. Bluford worked on space shuttle systems, the shuttle robotic arm, payload safety and flight software verification in the Shuttle Avionics Integration Laboratory and the Flight Systems Laboratory, and on Spacelab systems and experiments;

Whereas in remarking on his pioneering role as the first African-American in space, Dr. Bluford recounted, "I wanted to set the standard, do the best job possible so that other people would be comfortable with African-Americans in space and African-Americans would be proud of being participants in the space program . . . and encourage others to do the same."; and

Whereas in 1993, Dr. Bluford left NASA and retired as a Colonel in the Air Force to continue his distinguished service to the United States space program through leadership positions in private industry and space-related organizations: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—

2 (1) salutes the 25th anniversary of the pio-
3 neering accomplishments of Dr. Guion “Guy” S.
4 Bluford, Jr. as the first African-American in space;
5 and

6 (2) extends its gratitude and deep appreciation
7 for Dr. Bluford’s dedication, commitment, and excel-
8 lence as an astronaut and a leader in support of the
9 Nation’s space program.

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